# NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE IN ALASKA

# GEOLOGICAL REPORT

SOUTH BARROW WELL NO. 17

HUSKY OIL NPR OPERATIONS, INC. Prepared by: Gordon W. Legg

For the

U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Office of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska Department of the Interior AUGUST 1983

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
GEOLOGIC SUMMARY	
Introduction Pre-Drilling Prognosis Post-Drilling Summary Location Map (Figure 1) Certificate of Surveyor (Figure 2) Structure, Top of Lower Barrow Sand (Figure 3)	1 1 2 3 4 5
WELLSITE GEOLOGIST'S REPORT	
Introduction	6
Wireline Tops	6
Torok Formation	· 6 7
Jurassic Kingak Formation	8 8 8
Sag River Sandstone	9
Indeterminate Argillite	9
Torok Formation	10 10 11 12 13
LIST OF FIGURES	15
Figure 1 - Location Map	<b>3</b> 4 5

# PERTINENT DATA AND APPENDICES

# **Appendix**

Α.	Summary of Pertinent Data	A-1-3
В.	Drill Cuttings and Core Description	B-1-9
C.	Drill-Stem Test Reports           Report of March 10, 1978	C-1 C-2 C-3 C-4
D.	Production Test No. 1 Report of April 7-13, 1978	D-1-4 D-5-13
Ε.	Log Analysis Report of March 31, 1978	E-1-2 E-3
F.	Core Analysis Report Report of March 16, 1978	F-1-2 F-3 F-4 F-5 F-6
G.	Report of Analysis Analytical Report, April 12, 1978	G-1 G-2-5
Н.	Gas Analysis Reports Samples of January 17, 1980	H-1 H-2-4 H-5-10 H-11-14

COMPOSITE LITHOLOGY LOG (In Pocket)

# GEOLOGIC SUMMARY

#### INTRODUCTION

The South Barrow No. 17 well is located in the NW 1/4 of protracted Section 30, T22N, R16W, Umiat Meridian, North Slope Borough, Alaska. The surveyor's plat locates the well 1625' FNL and 2150' FWL of the section (see Figures 1 & 2). The well was drilled in early 1978 in order to further evaluate the productive capability of the Lower Barrow gas sandstone, and provide additional gas capacity for the village of Barrow as well as to investigate the possibility of oil production in the Sag River Sandstone.

Drilling operations commenced on March 2, 1978. The well was completed in the Lower Barrow sandstone, after testing sandstones in the "Pebble Shale", Lower Barrow sandstone and the Sag River Sandstone. A later production test of the Upper Barrow sandstone achieved negative results. An Engineering Memorandum of May 17, 1979 (see Appendix D) concluded that the Upper Barrow sandstone, as penetrated in South Barrow No. 17, is not a commercially producible zone.

The thin sandstones in the "Pebble Shale" yielded gas, which was too small to measure. Chart interpretation indicated a limited, depleting reservoir. The Sag River Sandstone recovered gas (T.S.T.M.) and 18 barrels of a black, oil-mud emulsion. Again, chart interpretation indicated a depleting reservoir. South Barrow No. 17 was then completed in the Lower Barrow gas sandstone, achieving an AOF of 6.50 MMCFGPD with approximately 200 BWPD (see Appendix D).

In each of the South Barrow wells drilled after South Barrow No. 13, an inhibitive mud system, containing calcium-chloride, was used intermediate casing (9-5/8" to approximately 1,500 feet). This was done in order to minimize damage to the formation from interstitial swelling clays, which were known to exist in the Barrow sandstones and the Sag River Sandstone (this was determined by water susceptibility tests that were conducted on cores obtained in the U.S. Navy, South Barrow Nos. 12 and 13 wells). Below the 9-5/8" casing, the well was switched over to an calcium-chloride inhibitive lignosulfonate mud system. hiah concentrations of calcium-chloride used in the section below intermediate casing, necessitated running a dual laterolog below the casing, since the high calcium-and-chloride ion concentration in the mud adversely affects the measurement of conductivity by the dual induction log. The dual induction log was run in each well above the intermediate casing, since fresh-water-mud was used in that section of the hole.

# PRE-DRILLING PROGNOSIS

The primary objective in drilling South Barrow Well No. 17 was to further evaluate the Barrow sandstone in the East Barrow Gas Field. The sandstone had been proven to be productive in South Barrow Nos. 12

and 14. Equally important as an objective was the Sag River Sandstone, which contained good oil shows in South Barrow Nos. 12 and 14. An unsuccessful evaluation attempt to test the Sag River Sandstone was made on South Barrow No. 14.

A secondary objective in drilling South Barrow No. 17, was to test the oil or gas potential of several thin sandstones in the "Pebble Shale". These sandstones had exhibited good shows in South Barrow No. 14, and log analysis indicated the presence of hydrocarbons, probably gas. These sandstones were to be tested, "open hole", if possible.

# POST-DRILLING SUMMARY

The secondary objective, sandstones in the "Pebble Shale" were tested on Drill-Stem Test No. 1, with a test interval of 1512-1715'. The test yielded gas-to-surface in 90 minutes, at a rate too small to measure. Gas production was proved in these sandstones, but their thin shaly nature, and their shallow depth, with attendant low pressures, probably precluded any significant production rates.

The Sag River Sandstone was conclusively tested at the South Barrow No. 17 location. Two drill-stem tests were conducted from 2212-2322' and from 2212-2345'. Both tests recovered gas-to-surface (25 minutes and 120 minutes, respectively), and 18 barrels of black, oil-mud emulsion (first test) and 24 barrels of gas- and slightly oil-cut mud (second test). Pressure draw-down information on the charts indicated the probability of a limited, depleting reservoir in both cases.

South Barrow No. 17 was first completed as a suspended gas well in the Lower Barrow sandstone. The sandstone was drill-stem tested "on the way down" on a test from 2105-2147'. This test had gas-to-surface in 8 minutes at a stabilized rate of 1.09 MMCFGPD with 700 psi surface pressure (see Appendix C for details on all drill-stem tests). A later production test in cased hole, yielded a calculated absolute open flow potential of 6.50 MMCFGPD from a perforated interval of 2101-2127' (see appendix). This test also had water production, with a final ratio of .031 barrels/MCF, which figures to about 200 barrels/day at the rate of 6.5 MMCFGPD. This is excessive water production and may be due to the well's low structural position.

A decision was made to reenter the well and attempt a completion in the Upper Barrow sandstone. This was done in March and April of 1979. An engineering memorandum of May 17, 1979 concluded that the Upper Barrow sandstone was a non-commercial gas reservoir at this location (see Appendix D).

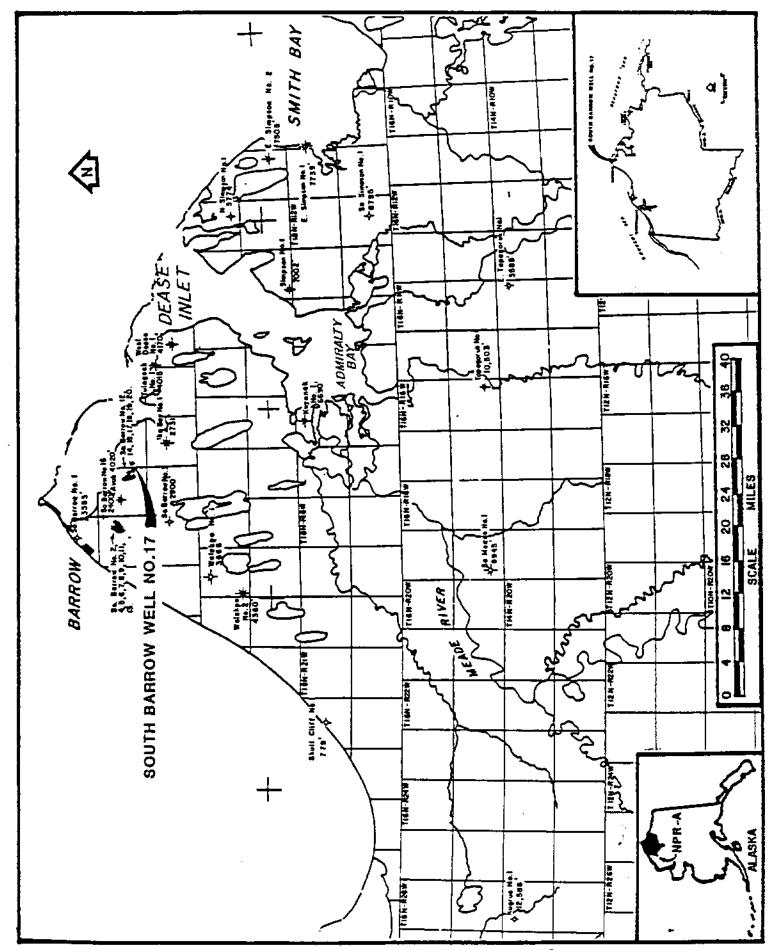
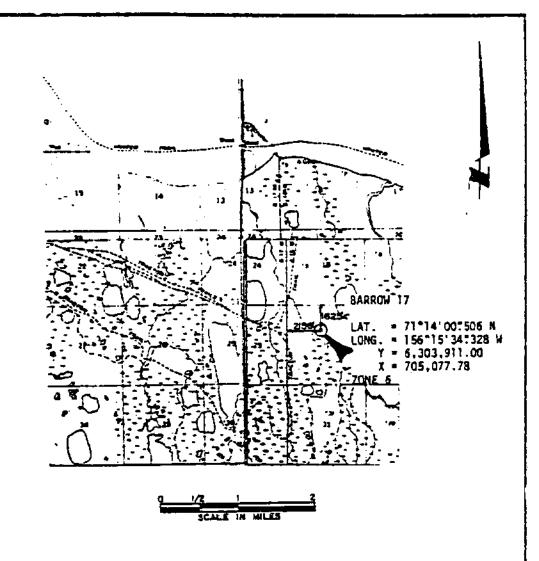


FIGURE 1 - LOCATION MAP - SOUTH BARROW WELL NO. 17



# CERTIFICATE OF SURVEYOR

I hereby certify that I am properly registered and licensed to practice land surveying in the State of Alaska and that this plat represents a location survey made by me or under my supervision, and that all dimensions and other details are correct.

August 17, 1977



# BARROW 17

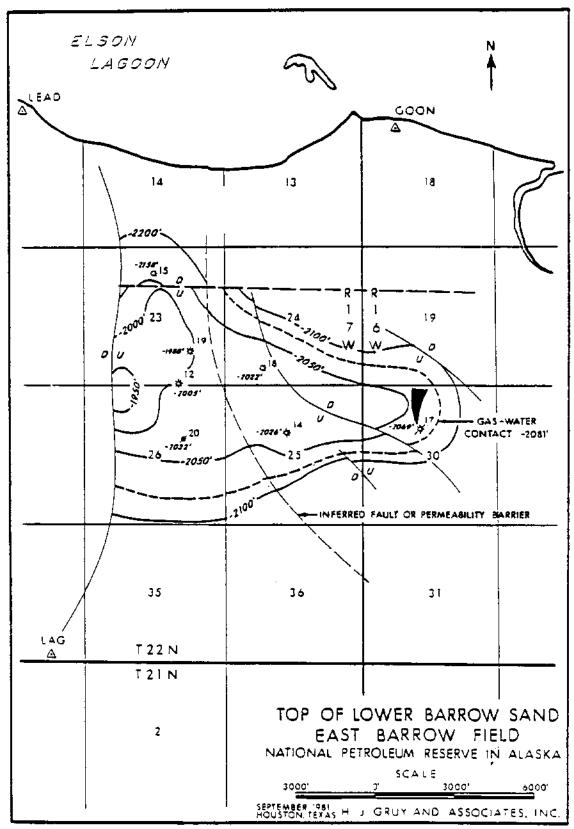
LOGATED IN

Surveyed for

HUSKY OIL N.P.R. OPERATIONS INC.

Bell, Herring and Associates
ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
801 West Fireweed, Suite 102
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503

FIGURE 2 - CERTIFICATE OF SURVEYOR - SOUTH BARROW WELL NO. 17



Revised after H. J. Gruy FIGURE 3 - STRUCTURE, TOP OF LOWER BARROW SAND

# WELLSITE GEOLOGIST'S REPORT

BY: DAVE YOUNG EDITED BY: GORDON W. LEGG

# INTRODUCTION

South Barrow Well No. 17 was drilled as a one-mile step-out to the east of South Barrow Well No. 14 (shut-in gas well). The Barrow gas sand was the primary objective, with secondary objectives being the Sag River Sandstone, and several thin but persistent sandstones in the "Pebble Shale". The well was drilled to a total depth of 2382', penetrating sediments of Recent to Triassic age and terminating in argillite of Pre-Carboniferous age. The well was completed as a shut-in gas well from the Lower Barrow sandstone, with a calculated AOF of 6.50 MMCFGPD. Water production accompanied the gas at a calculated rate of about 200 BWPD which is probably too excessive for sustained gas production.

# STRATIGRAPHY

# WIRELINE TOPS

No samples caught	0-100'
CRETACEOUS Torok Formation "Pebble Shale"	98' 1408'
JURASSIC Kingak Formation Upper Barrow sandstone Lower Barrow sandstone	1748' 2040' 2103'
TRIASSIC undifferentiated Sag River Sandstone	2180' 2277'
INDETERMINATE Argillite	2344'

# CRETACEOUS

Torok Formation: 100-1408'

The top of the Torok was picked at 98' on the basis of a sharp electric log break representing a change from sandstone to claystone. Paleontological determinations indicate an age of Early Cretaceous (Albian-Aptian), AWA Zone F-10, from 100' (first samples caught) to 1000'.

The lithology over this interval is predominantly medium gray claystone, with thin beds of siltstone and sandstone. A pebble bed approximately 30' thick was encountered at 190', with varicolored orange, green, brown, and black pebbles, and with large pyrite inclusions. Cuttings gas was noted

virtually from the start of mud logging at 100°. At 325°, a gas reading of 130 units was recorded, being mostly methane with traces of ethane and propane. It is speculated that gas hydrates may be trapped in thin sand zones which, when drilled, yield gas to the mud system.

From 650' to 760', the lithology is predominantly sandstone. The sandstone is light gray, fine to medium grained, well rounded, carbonaceous, clean and friable to highly argillaceous and tight. The bedding characteristics of this sandstone interval, coupled with the presence of carbonaceous material, indicates probable channel-type deposition. The lithology from 1000-1408' is predominantly shale. A neritic foraminifera, species unknown, was found at 1210'. A 736-unit gas reading was noted at 1342'; however, no sand or potential reservoir rock was noted in the samples.

Paleontological age determinations place the interval 1000-1450' in Albian age (AWA Zone F-11). The environment of deposition for the Torok Formation is thought to have been marine neritic to possibly channel distributary.

Lithology bulk volume is approximately: shale - 75%; siltstone - 17%; and sandstone - 8%.

# "Pebble Shale": 1408-1748'

The "Pebble Shale" is picked, for consistency, on a high gamma-ray response that is found throughout the immediate South Barrow area. Age determinations from paleontological data indicate Early Cretaceous (Neocomian).

The interval from 1408-1440' contains a brown, flaky, laminated to fissile shale, with a stringer of hard, tight, tan limestone, containing pelecypod fragments.

There is a sandstone stringer at 1440-1445' which is fine grained, poorly consolidated, and friable, with good sample fluorescence and chloroethane cut.

Below 1550', loose, frosted quartz "floaters" are fairly common.

Between 1590' and 1680', several thin sandstone beds gave gas readings of up to 895 units. Good sample fluorescence and chloroethane cuts were observed in these sandstones. These sandstones were tested, collectively, to see if they might be productive. Test results indicate that they are not. Further information is compiled under "Oil and Gas Indications".

From 1680 to 1748', the lithology is medium gray, firm, and slightly pyritic siltstone.

The environment of deposition (Anderson, Warren & Associates, Inc.) was probably turbid marine, neritic waters.

Bulk lithology is shale - 69%; siltstone - 21%; sandstone - 10%.

#### JURASSIC

Kingak Formation: 1748-2180'

The Kingak Formation was sidewall cored at 1754', 1800' and 1900'. The lithology was shale, which was dark gray-brown, firm, fissile, and slightly flaky.

Shales predominate in the Kingak Formation. There are also claystones and siltstones present interbedded with the shales. The interval from 2040-2147' comprises the gross interval of the Upper and Lower Barrow sandstones and are described separately. Below the Lower Barrow sandstone and continuing down to the Triassic (2147-2180'), the Kingak shales are principally siltstone with some interbedded claystone. The Kingak shales are mostly brown and black, firm, fissile, micaceous and exhibit some bioturbation; the claystones are light to medium gray, soft, bentonitic, micaceous and contain frequent fine grained coal inclusions; the siltstones are gray, soft, typically sandy and very argillaceous, grading mostly to shale and occasionally to sandstone.

Age determinations for the interval 1748-1820 is identified as Cretaceous (Neocomian) to Jurassic. The interval from 1820-2170' is Jurassic (AWA Zones F-17 to F-18). For the purposes of this report the Kingak Formation is picked in the interval 1748-2180'.

Upper Barrow sandstone: 2040-2080'

The Upper Barrow is an argillaceous, fine grained, light gray sandstone, with common fossil wood, and lignite. It has good gas odor, staining, and fluorescence throughout. Much of this sandstone contains silt and swelling clays in the matrix.

Lower Barrow sandstone: 2103-2127'

The Lower Barrow sandstone shows the best clean sand development found thus far in the East Barrow area. The sand was cored in its entirety. The sandstone is fine to very fine grained, brown, clean, well sorted, well rounded, friable, and, in part, with thin shale partings. Fossil wood and glauconite are common. Bioturbation is present, and it probably removed all evidence of crossbedding. The environment of deposition is probably a central bar, high-energy marine. Good gas odor, staining, bright yellow fluorescence, and milky-white cut fluorescence occur throughout the sandstone.

The interval (2105-2147') was open-hole drill-stem tested and flowed gas at a stabilized rate of 1.09 MMCFGPD. More detailed information is presented under "Oil and Gas Indications".

The interval from the base of the Lower Barrow, 2127' down to 2147', was also cored (Core No. 2, 2126-2147'). The lithology consisted of an interbedded sequence of siltstone, argillaceous sandstone, and shale. At 2137', a highly concentrated shell bed occurs, containing fossil wood and pyrite inclusions. This sequence appears to be somewhat cyclical in nature.

# TRIASSIC

Rocks of Triassic age were encountered in the interval from 2180-2344'. The upper portion of the Triassic, above the Sag River Sandstone, is primarily siltstone which is light gray, medium hard, sandy, carbonaceous and slightly calcareous; interbedded with the siltstone is claystone which is light gray, soft, slightly carbonaceous and slightly calcareous. Some sandstone is also present and is tan-brown, fine grained, argillaceous, well sorted and well rounded.

Paleontological determinations place the top of the Triassic at 2180'.

Sag River Sandstone: 2277-2344'

The Sag River Sandstone was encountered at 2277'. The top of the formation is sandstone which is brown, medium hard, fine grained, glauconitic, fossiliferous, calcareous, and grading in part to argillaceous sandstone.

Core No. 3 was cut in the Sag River from 2295-2322'. Only 5.5' of core was recovered due to a jammed core barrel. The core consisted of a sandy biocalcarenite, made up mostly of pelecypod and echinoid shell fragments. Soft amorphous glauconite is common in disseminated and thin bed form.

Sidewall cores shot over the missing core interval recovered brown, very fine grained, argillaceous, silty, friable, calcareous, fossiliferous sandstone, which exhibits swelling-clay damage in fresh water.

Core No. 4 was cut from 2322' to 2345'. The bottom one foot of the core consisted of the argillite basement. The core consisted mainly of interbedded biocalcarenite, and calcareous sandstone, increasingly hard and tight with depth; black, tarry residual oil filled the intergranular porosity in the biocalcarenite. In the 2 feet above the argillite, fragments and angular pebbles of black and green argillite occur.

The environment of deposition for the Sag River Sandstone is considered to be inner to middle neritic, based on paleontological determinations. The age is Triassic (AWA Zone F-19).

# INDETERMINATE

Argillite: 2344-2382'

The argillite in Core No. 4 is black, hard, brittle, slightly graphitic with a large quartz-filled, vertical fracture. No open fractures or hydrocarbon indications were observed. From 2370', the argillite is increasingly foliated and graphitic, with finely disseminated euhedral pyrite and thin quartz lenses.

The age of the argillite is indeterminate.

# OIL AND GAS INDICATIONS

# Torok Formation

Hydrocarbons were noted virtually from the start of mud logging at 100'. Gas in cuttings started from the first samples collected at 100'. The first gas readings on the "hot wire" were at 160', with 80 units indicated.

At 325', in the Torok Formation, a 130-unit reading was recorded, mostly methane, with the first indications of ethane and propane. No reservoir potential is indicated from samples, or from log analysis.

At 650' to 760' a sandstone sequence is present with a "clean" sandstone from 650-675'. This sandstone, although porous, had no shows of either gas or visual stain.

From a depth of 1070' down to 1342', background gas gradually increased from 30 units to 100 units, mostly methane, with traces of ethane and propane.

At a depth of 1342', a gas reading of 736 units was recorded. No potential reservoir rock was noted on the logs or in the samples at this depth.

# "Pebble Shale"

From 1410', gas increased steadily from 300 units up to a maximum of 1,408 units in the interval 1440-1445'. The gas analyzer indicated 130,000 ppm methane, 2,000 ppm ethane, and a trace of propane. This gas reading came from the top of the "Pebble Shale". A thin bed of light gray, fine grained, friable sandstone, with yellow fluorescence, and an immediate yellow-white cut, was noted in the sample interval from 1420' to 1450'. The electric log shows this sandstone to occur at 1443-1445'.

Several thin stringers of sandstone occur between 1450' and 1500'. These sandstones have bright yellow fluorescence and streaming milky-white to light yellow cuts.

The sandstone stringers above 1512' were not tested, and are considered to be too thin to be of economic significance.

Lost-circulation was encountered at 1530', with approximately 60 barrels of drilling mud being lost to the formation. A sharp drilling break, for a 5' interval, occurs at this point. No sample was recovered, and no gas show was observed.

A sharp gas increase was encountered at 1595', going from 30 units up to 896 units. This was from a thin (2') sandstone stringer.

From 1614' to 1621', a sandstone bed which is persistent in most South Barrow wells is developed. This sandstone has oil stain, bright yellow fluorescence, and immediate yellow-white cut fluorescence. The gas increased from 150 units up to 480 units while drilling the sandstone.

A second sandstone bed also commonly developed in South Barrow wells is developed from 1650' to 1664'. The upper 10' of this sandstone, although argillaceous, has good yellow fluorescence and traces of oil stain. The lower 4' is cleaner with good stain, fluorescence and cut. This interval had a gas reading of 480 units, with gas composition as follows: methane 96,000 ppm; ethane 6,000 ppm; and traces of propane.

Drill-Stem Test No. 1 was run from the 9-5/8" casing shoe at 1512', down to 1715', covering the better developed sandstone beds of the "Pebble Shale". A 500 psi nitrogen cushion was used. Only one flow period and one shut-in period were used. Gas came to the surface in 90 minutes with less than 1 psi wellhead pressure through a 1/4" surface choke. Maximum flowing pressure was approximately 10 psi on a 1/4" choke at 110 minutes, decreasing to less than 5 psi at the shut-in time of 150 minutes. Circulated out gas-cut drilling mud. Charts indicate that the test was mechanically successful, with low productivity, and a depleting reservoir. Pressures recorded from the bottom bomb at 1674' are as follows:

THP	922 psi
iFP	666 psi
FFP	323 psi
ISIP	537 psi
FHP	922 psi
Temp.	55°F actual

No other gas increases, or potential reservoir sands, were noted in the "Pebble Shale".

# Kingak Formation

The first indication of hydrocarbons in the Kingak was in the top of the Upper Barrow sandstone at 2040'. Gas increased from a background of 70 units to 240 units, then increasing to 486 units at 2060'. The chromatograph readings are as follows: methane 68,000 ppm; ethane 2,800 ppm; and propane 300 ppm.

Good gas odor, stain, sample fluorescence, and immediate yellow-white cut fluorescence are present throughout the Upper Barrow. Water susceptibility tests run on sidewall cores from the Upper Barrow show that swelling clays are present in the matrix of the sandstone over much of this interval.

The Lower Barrow sandstone was cored in its entirety. The sandstone has good visible porosity, staining, odor, yellow fluorescence and immediate milky-white cut fluorescence. Log derived porosities average 24%, with calculated water saturations ranging between 32% at the top and 56% at the base (courtesy of well log analyst, Armour Kane).

Drill-Stem Test No. 2 was run in the open hole from 2105' to 2147'. The test was run with one flow period, and one shut-in period, using a 500 psi nitrogen cushion. Tool opened with a steady pressure increase, and with

gas to the surface in 8 minutes. Gas flowed through a 1/4" choke, with a stabilized pressure of 700 psi, at a calculated rate of 1.09 MMCFGPD. Pressure charts indicate a successful test. After unseating the packer, mud was lost in the hole (390 barrels) while trying to circulate. These losses may have been to the previous loss zone at 1530', rather than to the Barrow sandstone.

Bottom Bomb 2143'
ı

Argillaceous and silty sands, with thin shale, siltstone and shell beds occur below the Lower Barrow sandstone and have fair gas odor, stain, spotty gold-yellow fluorescence and immediate milky-white cut fluorescence.

# Sag River Sandstone

The most porous interval of the Sag River Sandstone, from 2300' to 2311', has a calculated average porosity of 16.6%, with average water saturation of 43% (courtesy Armour Kane, well log analyst). Sidewall cores from this interval consist of very fine grained, brown, argillaceous, silty, friable, slightly calcareous, and fossiliferous sandstone. Good oil stain, odor, gold fluorescence and brown-tea chloroethane cuts persist throughout the formation. The bottom 6' of the Sag River is a biocalcarenite, with black, highly viscous oil trapped in interparticle shelter porosity.

Very little gas was indicated by the hot-wire. The peak gas reading in the Sag River was at 2335', where 62 units were recorded; gas chromatograph readings were: methane 11,000 ppm, ethane 600 ppm, with no heavier gasses recorded.

Drill-Stem Tests Nos. 3 and 4 were run on the Sag River Sandstone. Drill-Stem Test No. 3 was run from the 7" casing shoe at 2212' to 2322', using a 500 psi nitrogen cushion, and using only one flow period and one closed-in period. Gas flowed to the surface in 25 minutes, with rat-hole mud to the surface in 55 minutes, and gas- and slightly oil-cut emulsified mud in 65 minutes. The well was closed-in after 90 minutes, with a well-head pressure of 255 psi on a 1/4" choke. The well was unloading spurts of emulsified gas- and oil-cut drilling mud (estimated less than 1% oil) at that time. Pressure charts show a mechanically successful test, and are interpreted to indicate a depleting reservoir, based on analysis of flowing pressure curve.

Drill-Stem Test No. 3	Pr	ressures Bottom Bomb 2298'
	IHP IFP FFP ISIP FHP	1,287 psi 602 psi 794 psi (peak of 915 psi) 1,029 psi 1,448 psi (increased mud weight before pulling out of hole)

Drill-Stem Test No. 4 was run from 2212' to 2345' which covered the Sag River and the top 1' of the argillite. The same test conditions that were used on Drill-Stem Test No. 3 were used. Gas flowed to the surface in 120 minutes with less than 1 psi well-head pressure. Closed well in after 180 minutes with less than 1 psi well-head pressure (weak blow). Reversed out 24 barrels of gas- and very slightly oil-cut mud. Pressure charts indicated a mechanically successful test with some plugging during the flow period.

Drill-Stem Test No. 4	Pressures		Bottom Bomb 2319'
	IHP IFP FFP ISIP FHP	1,395 psi 623 psi 1,051 psi 1,158 psi 1,395 psi	

After drilling operations were completed, 7" casing was run to 2212' and a production test was conducted in the Lower Barrow sandstone (perforations 2101-2127'). The sandstone attained an AOF of 6.50 MMCFGPD, but also produced water at a ratio of 0.031 barrels/MCF, or about 200 barrels/day at the AOF rate (see Appendix D). This water production is probably too excessive for sustained gas production. The well was left as a suspended gas well.

South Barrow Well No. 17 was reentered for a workover attempt in March and April of 1979. The Upper Barrow sandstone was perforated from 2038-2048, 2054-2065', 2080-2088' and then flow tested. The results were disappointing and an engineering memorandum of May 17, 1979 concluded that the Upper Barrow sandstone in the South Barrow No. 17 was non-commercial (see Appendix D).

# CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The complete sedimentary section above the argillite was penetrated and evaluated at this location.
- 2. The "Pebble Shale" sandstone stringers are gas bearing at this location; however, clay and silt in the matrix reduce the permeability to the point where these sands are not economically producible.

- 3. The well has probably defined the down-dip productive limits of the Lower Barrow sandstone.
- 4. The Sag River Sandstone is not producible at this location, but oil and gas indications are encouraging. The formation may prove to be productive where a cleaner reservoir is developed.
- 5. The argillite showed no indication of hydrocarbons or open fracturing.

# PERTINENT DATA AND APPENDICES

# <u>Appendix</u>

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F.	Core Analysis Report  Report of March 16, 1978	F-1-2 F-3 F-4 F-5 F-6
G.	Report of Analysis Analytical Report, April 12, 1978	G-1 G-2-5
Н.	Gas Analysis Reports Samples of January 17, 1980	H-1 H-2-4 H-5-10 H-11-1

# SUMMARY OF PERTINENT DATA \*

WELL NAME: South Barrow Well No. 17

API NO.: 50-023-20011

OPERATOR: Husky Oil NPR Operations, Inc.

LOCATION: 1625' FNL, 2150' FWL, NW 1/4,

protracted Section 30, T22N, R16W,

Umiat Meridian, North Slope Borough, Alaska

COORDINATES: Latitude: 71°14′00.506″N

Longitude: 156°15'34.328"W

X = 705,077.78Y = 6,303,911.00

Zone 6

ELEVATION: 33' Kelly Bushing, 7' Ground

DATE SPUDDED: March 2, 1978

TOTAL DEPTH: 2382' (driller)

2380' (Schlumberger)

2162' (PBTD)

DATE REACHED

TOTAL DEPTH: April 1, 1978

RIG RELEASED: April 13, 1978

STATUS: Suspended Gas Well

CASING: 13-3/8" @ 80'

9-5/8" @ 1512'

7" @ 22121

# LOGGING RECORD:

DIL/SP 100-15201 DLL/SP 1512-2210 2209-23651 BHC/GR/CAL 100-15241 1512-22201 BHC/GR 2209-23751 CNL/FDC/GR/CAL 1512-2221' 2209-2380 MLL 2207~23791 PML 1513-2222' HDT 1512-2222' 2209-2379'

# LOGGING RECORD: (Continued)

HDT Arrow Plot	1526-2213' 2227-2372'
CBL/VDL	1130-2173
GR-CCL	1100-2163
CCL/Perf	2054-2065
	2038-2048'
P11	2080-2088'
Saraband	1522-2367'
Mudlog	100-2382'
Geologist's Lithology Log:	100-2382

SIDEWALL CORES: \*\*

Run No. 1, 44 shot, 42 recovered. Run No. 2, 26 shot, 15 recovered.

# CONVENTIONAL CORES:

No. 1 2 3 4	Interval 2096-2126' 2126-2147' 2295-2322' 2322-2345'	Recovery 30.0' 21.0' 5.5' 23.0'	Rock Unit  Barrow sandstone Barrow sandstone Sag River Sandstone Sag River Sandstone and argillite
DRILL-STEM TESTS:		DST No. 2, 2105-21 DST No. 3, 2212-23 DST No. 4, 2212-23 Production Test, 21 (see Appendix D)	38-2048' and 2054-2065'
WELLSITE GEOLG	GIST:	Dave Young	

LOG ANALYST:

Armour Kane

DRILLING CONTRACTOR:

Brinkerhoff Signal, Inc., Rig 31

MUDLOGGERS:

Borst and Giddens

BIOSTRATIGRAPHIC

ANALYSIS:

Anderson, Warren & Associates, Inc.

\* Copies and/or reproducibles of all geologic data are available from:

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration EDIS/NGSDC (D62) 325 Broadway Boulder, CO 80303

\*\* Sidewall cores were utilized for various analyses, including: lithology, paleontology, and geochemistry.

# SOUTH BARROW WELL NO. 17 DRILL CUTTINGS AND CORE DESCRIPTIONS BY: DAVE YOUNG

# DRILLED DEPTH (FEET BELOW KELLY BUSHING)

0- 100	No samples collected.
100- 190	Claystone: light to medium gray, soft, gummy, lumpy.
190- 220	Conglomerate: varicolored orange, brown, black, and green, subrounded, large purple inclusions.
220- 370	Claystone: medium gray, soft to medium hard, finely disseminated carbonaceous material; stringers of Sandstone: medium to fine grained, and Siltstone: tan, gray, calcareous.
370- 400	Siltstone: as above.
400- 580	Claystone: medium gray, soft, gummy, finely disseminated carbonaceous material.
580- 670	Claystone: as above; thin siltstone and conglomerate stringers.
670- 730	Sandstone: fine to medium grained, light gray, well rounded, clean, friable, grading to fine grained sandstone, highly argillaceous, tight, carbonaceous.
730- 790	Sandstone: fine to medium grained, light gray, well rounded, well sorted quartz; friable, in part, clay filled, rare chert pebbles; thin siltstone and claystone stringers.
790- 850	Claystone: medium gray, soft, finely disseminated carbonaceous material, with stringers of siltstone and very fine grained sandstone.
850- 970	Claystone: as above.
970-1030	Claystone: becoming brown-gray, soft, sticky, slightly silty.
1030-1090	Sandstone-Conglomerate: very coarse grained, grading to pebbles, varicolored, orange, clear, brown, and green; some angular, some rounded, unconsolidated, interbedded with Claystone: firm, brown-gray, lumpy; and Claystone: gray, soft, gummy.

1090-1120	Claystone: brown, soft, gummy, slightly silty.
1120-1150	Sandstone-Conglomerate: coarse grained to pebble, loose, varicolored, as above.
1150-1240	Claystone: light to medium gray-brown, soft, slightly silty, finely disseminated carbonaceous material, microfossils of neritic forams.
1240-1270	Sandstone: fine grained, light gray, argillaceous, friable, dull yellow fluorescence, slow yellow-white cut, coarse grained; Sandstone-Conglomerate: as above.
1270-1300	Claystone: gray-brown, soft, gummy.
1300-1360	Sandstone: as above, interbedded Siltstone: tan, firm, and Claystone: as above; yellowish-gold fluorescence in 20% of sample, with slow yellow-white cut.
1360-1390	Claystone: brown-gray, soft, bentonitic.
1390-1420	Siltstone: light gray, finely carbonaceous, dull yellow fluorescence, slight cut.
1420-1520	Shale: brown, medium hard to soft, flaky, fissile, laminated; trace of kaolinite; trace of Chlorite: dark green, clayey; interbedded stringers of Limestone: tan, hard, tight; Sandstone: fine to medium grained, poorly consolidated, friable, few large, clear, well rounded quartz grains and pebbles; 20% of sample with bright yellow fluorescence, immediate streaming yellow-white cut; pyritic inclusions, and rare pelecypod fragments.
1520-1550	Siltstone: brown-gray, highly argillaceous.
1550-1580	Claystone: brown, soft, slightly silty.
1580-1590	Sandstone: fine grained, white quartz; slightly calcareous, argillaceous, interbedded with Claystone: as above.
1590-1620	Sandstone: fine grained, clean, clear, white, and black, well sorted, well rounded, bright yellow fluorescent oil stain, immediate yellow-white cut fluorescence.
1620-1640	Shale: brown, slightly silty, slightly fissile, firm.
1640-1650	Sandstone: as above, in part, clay filled, yellow fluorescence, slow cut, trace of spotty oil stain.
1650-1680	Siltstone: brown-gray, grades to Shale: soft, brown-gray, slightly micaceous.

1680-1700 brown, soft, slightly silty, slightly fissile, Shale: fossil fragments, pelecypods; trace micaceous. limestone. 1700-1750 medium gray, firm, noncalcareous, slightly Siltstone: pyritic, with stringers of Sandstone: fine grained, light gray-brown, oil stain, yellow cut fluorescence. 1750-1770 Siltstone: as above, with common, loose, medium to coarse grained pebble quartz, and Chert: clear, white, and black, with Shale: black, hard, bulky, slightly pyritic. 1770-1780 Claystone: light gray, soft, kaolinitic, with disseminated coal. 1780-1790 brown, flaky, fissile, firm, slightly calcareous, Shale: micaceous, with stringers of Limestone: tan, micritic, hard. 1790-1810 Shale: as above, with Limestone stringers: as above. 1810-1830 Claystone: light gray-tan, with finely disseminated coal. 1830-1870 Shale: light gray, soft, micaceous, with Shale: dark gray-brown, firm, slightly laminated, with pyrite-filled bioturbations. 1870-1890-Shale: light gray, firm, platy, slightly laminated. 1890-1930 light to medium gray, soft, Claystone: gummy, micaceous. 1930-1970 Claystone: light to medium gray, firm, slightly silty, micaceous, with stringers of light gray siltstone, and with Sandstone: light gray, fine grained, clay-filled. 1970-2010 Siltstone: light gray, soft, with finely disseminated, grains, grades claystone angular quartz to argillaceous sandstone. 2010-2040 Shale: liaht gray-tan, firm, micaceous, carbonaceous, finely disseminated pyrite, interbedded with siltstone and light gray, argillaceous sandstone. 2040-2050 Sandstone: fine grained, light gray, clear, white, and green, argillaceous, slightly micaceous, firm to friable; 20% dull gold fluorescence, slow cut, blue-white cut fluorescence. 2050-2080 Sandstone: fine grained, light gray, highly argillaceous, hard, tight, in part, friable, good gassy odor, 70%

fluorescence, spotty oil stain.

2080-2096	

Siltstone: gray, soft, sandy, interbedded with Shale: brown-red, lignitic, fossil wood, with Sandstone stringers: as above.

# 209

	stringers. as ap	ove.					
096-2126	Core No. 1 - Cut 30', Recovered 30'						
	2096.0-2096.5' (0.5')	Siltstone: dark gray, hard, tight, noncalcareous.					
	2096.5-2098.0' (1.5')	Siltstone: with shale partings, 10° dip on partings; bleeding oil.					
	2098.0-2099.0' (1.0')	Sandstone: very fine grained, clean, hard, light gray, clear, white, and dark grains, tight, in part, with clay matrix, good odor, yellow-white fluorescence.					
	2099.0-2100.5' (1.5')	Sandstone: very fine grained, brown, well sorted, well rounded, clean, hard, in part, argillaceous, streaky porosity, good odor.					
	2100.5-2102.0' (1.5')	Sandstone: as above, shaly patches.					
	2102.0-2105.0' (3.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, brown, friable, clean, clear, white, and black, well sorted, well rounded, fair to good porosity, good odor, 100% yellow fluorescence, immediate milky-white cut fluorescence.					
	2105.0-2106.0' (1.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, as above, hard, less friable, good visible porosity.					
	2106.0-2114.0' (8.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, tan to brown, well sorted, well rounded, friable, fair to good visible porosity, light stain throughout, good odor, 100% fluorescence, yellow, milky-white cut fluorescence.					
	2114.0-2115.0' (1.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, brown, hard, tight, possible hematite cement, good fluorescence.					
	2115.0-2116.0' (1.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, brown, hard, becomes friable, clean, well sorted, well rounded, clear, white,					

	and black, light green in part, slightly argillaceous, thin shale beds, good odor, stain, and fluorescence; good cut.
2116.0-2119.0' (3.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, brown, clean, friable, bright yellow fluorescence, good odor, stain, and cut.
2119.0-2123.0' (4.0')	Sandstone: very fine grained, brown, hard, tight, becomes argillaceous, bioturbation and shaly patches; Sandstone: very fine to fine grained, medium hard, slightly argillaceous, with thin partings, glauconite becomes common, good odor, stain, fluorescence and cut.
2123.0-2125.5' (2.5')	Sandstone: fine grained, clean, clear, white, black, and green, friable, well rounded, well sorted.
2125.5-2126.0' (0.5')	Sandstone: light gray-brown, fine grained, argillaceous, with shale patches and partings, bioturbation, glauconitic, good odor, stain, cut and fluorescence.
Core No. 2 - Cut	21', Recovered 21'
2126.0-2128.0' (2.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, light gray-brown, argillaceous, friable, clear, black, glauconitic, fine silt and clay in matrix, good odor, stain, bright yellow fluorescence, good milky-white cut fluorescence.
2128.0-2129.0' (1.0')	Sandstone: as above, with few brown clay lumps.

2130.0-2132.0 (2.0')

2129.0-2130.0

(1.0')

2126-2147

Sandstone: as above, increased clay in matrix, common glauconite, good odor and stain, bright yellow fluorescence.

Sandstone: very fine grained, light

gray-brown, argillaceous, friable to

hard, probable pelecypod fossil.

2132.0-2134.0' (2.0')	Shale: brown, highly silty to sandy patches of Sandstone: fine grained, brown, argillaceous, tight, trace of fluorescence, poor odor.
2134.0-2136.5' (2.5')	Sandstone: fine grained, brown, hard, tight, clear, black, argillaceous with streaks of porous clean sandstone, common shale patches and partings, bioturbation, gold fluorescence in sandstone, good saturation, good milky-white cut fluorescence.
2136.5-2138.5' (2.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, brown, highly argillaceous, with highly concentrated pelecypod shells in assemblages, pyritic inclusions, fossil wood fragments, gold-yellow fluorescence.
2138.5-2139.0' (0.5')	Shale: dark gray, hard, silty, noncalcareous.
2139.0-2141.5' (2.5')	Siltstone: dark gray, hard, poor odor, poor stain, spotty fluorescence.
2141.5-2142.0' (0.5')	Sandstone: fine grained, argillaceous, hard, poor odor, gold fluorescence, very silty, yellow cut fluorescence.
2142.0-2145.5' (3.5')	Siltstone: dark gray, hard; Sandstone: thin, argillaceous stringers, spotty fluorescence.
2145.5-2147.0' (1.5')	Siltstone: dark gray, hard, pelecypod shells, fossil wood fragments, pyritized; Sandstone: thin stringers, poor stain, spotty fluorescence, spotty bleeding oil.

2147-2195

Siltstone: medium gray, soft, sandy, carbonaceous, slightly calcareous, interbedded with Claystone: light gray, soft, with disseminated carbon and very fine quartz grains.

2195-2200

Sandstone: tan-brown, fine grained, medium hard, argillaceous, well sorted, well rounded, clear, white, and black, with dull gold fluorescence, no cut, no stain, no odor.

2200-2230	Interbedded Siltst	tone and Claystone, as in 2147-2195'.					
2230-2250	Siltstone: ligh carbonaceous, slig	t gray, medium hard, sandy, ghtiy calcareous.					
2250-2275	Claystone: light slightly calcareou	gray, soft, slightly carbonaceous, s.					
2275-2280	subrounded, poo	wn, hard, fine to medium grained, orly sorted, argillaceous, glauconitic, matrix; trace of oil stain; trace of					
2280-2285	Claystone: light	Claystone: light gray-green, kaolinitic, soft.					
2285-2295		Sandstone: brown, medium hard, clear, white, and green, calcareous, glauconitic, spotty black oil stain.					
2295-2322	Core No. 3 - Cut	t 27', Recovered 5.5'					
	2295.0-2296.0' (1.0')	Sandstone: fine grained, hard, calcareous, glauconite, fossils, pelecypods, poorly friable to dense, gold, orange fluorescence, immediate yellow gold cut fluorescence, good odor, fair stain, bleeding oil.					
	2296.0-2298.0' (2.0')	Sandstone: coquina, brown, medium hard, thin bed glauconite, calcareous, pelecypod, good odor, stain, fluorescence.					
	2298.0-2300.5' (2.5')	Sandstone: gray, hard, tight, glauconite, calcareous, poor oil stain, bleeding oil; interlaminated with coquina, good odor and stain, and with thin beds of Shale: gray, hard, silty, containing very thin, horizontal glauconite zones.					
	2300.5-2322.0' (21.5')	No recovery.					
2322-2345	Core No. 4 - Cu	t 23', Recovered 23'					
	2322.0-2325.5' (3.5')	Sandstone: very fine grained, silty, calcareous, slightly friable, medium hard, oil stain, dull gold, orange fluorescence, gold cut fluorescence.					

2325.5-2328.0' (2.5')	Sandstone: interbedded, fine grained, brown, calcareous, argillaceous, fossiliferous; Limestone: biocalcarenite, sandy, thin shale laminations dipping 10°-15°, poor intergranular porosity, good oil stain, residual oil in pore space, bleeding oil and gas, spotty dull gold fluorescence.
2328.0-2332.0' (4.0')	Sandstone: white, gray, hard, argillaceous, calcareous, silty, clay matrix, fair oil stain, good odor, spotty dull gold fluorescence, good gold cut fluorescence.
2332.0-2333.0' (1.0')	Limestone: biocalcarenite, sandy, argillaceous, oil stain.
2333.0-2335.0' (2.0')	Sandstone: very fine grained, hard, brown, green, argillaceous, silty, calcareous, clay matrix, few oil stains, vertical hairline fractures.
2335.0-2336.0' (1.0')	Limestone: biocalcarenite, sandy, green, argillaceous matrix, worm borings with sandstone infillings, spotty intergranular oil stain, dull gold fluorescence, few vertical hairline fractures.
2336.0-2338.0' (2.0')	Sandstone: very fine grained, as above, increase in tightness and hardness.
2338.0-2342.0' (4.0')	Limestone: biocalcarenite, sandy, fossiliferous with pelecypod fragments, spines, echinoid plates, poor porosity filled with black tarry oil, few vertical and random oil-stained hairline fractures, yellow fluorescence, immediate gold yellow cut fluorescence.
2342.0-2344.0' (2.0')	Limestone: biocalcarenite, sandy, as above, fair oil stain, green and black argillite pebbles, spotty yellow fluorescence.
2344.0-2345.0' (1.0')	Argillite: black, hard, brittle, slightly graphitic, large filled vertical fractures, no oil show.

2345-2370 Argillite: black, hard, brittle, trace of graphite, very finely disseminated pyrite, white quartz veins.

2370-2382 Argillite: black, hard in part, foliated, graphitic, pyritic, quartz laminae, no cut, odor, or stain.

2,382 Feet Total Depth

	Y		r	BULL STEA	A TEST REPO	RT FORM				
WELL NAME		outh Barr	ow Well No.	17 ps	ST. NO. 1		DATE 3/10	78		
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Tight interval	15	<u>12-1715'</u>			D~II Coi	lar Length	25'	13	6 0.D.	
Total Depth	17	15'			Dr.II P.p	e Length	255'	:0	3½ 0.D.	
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Surrace	1/	<b>4"</b> B	attom Hole	3/4"	— Depth ⊺	ester Valve	1454		F:	
									, <u>14<b>54</b>'@ 5</u> 00	psi
		TEST (	DATA			CHLORIDE (		~	·	
						****		Chi	oride Content	
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Initial flow peri	od	100		min.	Recovery Mud		@	of	ppm	
Initia-shut-in p	eriod	320	0 2150	min.	Recovery Mud	Filtrate	<u>@</u>	<sup>0</sup> f -	mag	
			ker @ 2150 )		Mud Pit Sample	·	@	<sup>o</sup> f	ppm	
					Mud Pit Sample Mud Weight					
Unseated packe	rat_			nrs.	Mico Weight					
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				OBES	TIPE DATA					
				rhes:	SURE DATA					
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			24 Hour Clock		24Hour Clock		Hour Clock	Tool	A.M.	
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Cushion N1t  Recovered 145  Recovered 6.	intervital rinal	Field 795 552 241 460 795	Amount Feet-bol of	922 666 323 537 922 REC	Office  COVERY DATA  Depth Back Pres. Valve  cushion	Field	Office Surface Choke	Bypass Reported Minutes  1/4"	Computed Minutes	Via Francisco
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D.B. Young
Prepared by

11/78

-U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY/ONPRA YUSXY DRILL STEM TEST REPORT FORM WELL NAME South Barrow Well No. 17 DST. NO. 2 DATE 3/15/78 Hole Size 8 1/2" open hole; 9 5/8" cased hole Germation Tested Barrow Sandstone Test Interval \_\_\_\_\_\_\_2105-2147' Drill Collar Length .\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1 D.\_\_\_\_\_ Tetal Depth \_\_\_\_\_\_2147 \_\_\_\_ Orill Pipe Length \_\_\_\_\_ --- 1 D. \_\_\_ Packer Depth(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Ft Choke Size: 1/4" | Bottom Hole | ---Surrace \_\_\_ Depth Fester Valve \_\_\_\_ ---Cusmon Type nitrogen Amount 500 psi RESISTIVITY CHLORIDE DATA TEST DATA Resistivity Chloride Content 0550 о<sub>F. \_\_\_\_\_\_рпт</sub> Recovery Water \_\_\_\_ \_@\_ Tool open at .... \_ hrs. 120 @ \_\_\_ Recovery Mud \_\_\_\_\_ Initial flow period -240 OF. Recovery Mud Filtrate \_\_\_ initial shut-in period .... 0¢ Mud Pit Sample ..... Final flow genod ..... ... min. Mud Pit Sample Filtrate \_\_\_\_\_ Final shut-in period \_ Unseated packer at \_ cription of initial flow period <u>Open tool with 500 psi surface pressure; G.T.S. in 8 min;</u> Max surface pressure of 800 psi after 19 min on 1/4" choke Description of final flow period ... PRESSURE DATA Gauge No. 1263 Gauge No. 985 Gauge No. TEMPERATURE TIME ft. 2082 2143 ft. Depth: Depth Depth: A.M. 24 Hour Clock 24 Haur Clock Hour Clock Tool Blanked Off Blanked Off ---P.M. Blanked Off ---Opened Opened A.M. Actual 60 Pressures Pressures Pressures Bypass P.M. Field / Office Field Office Field | Office Reported ! Computed Minutes - Minutes Initial Hydrostatic 1242 1240 696 891 Initial PE FLOW Final 968 983 Closed In: Initial FLOW Final Closed In a Initial FLOW Final 1 Closed in Final Hydrostatic 1242 1240 RECOVERY DATA Depth Back Surface Bottom Cushion nitrogen Type Amount 500 psi Pres. Valve Choke Choke Execubble f cushion Recovered hitrogen Recovered G.T.S. some Abble≤in 8 min. at rate of 1.09 MMCFPD at 700# surf. press. Recovered 3 gallons Emer/bbloimud and mud filtrate Recovered Feet/bbl of Pressure stabilized @ 700 psi for last 45 min of test The flame during test was clean orange, no steam, and no black, oily smoke Collected 4 gas samples (1000 cc), 15 min. prior to shut-in @ 700 psi, 420 F temp (4) Lost-circulation after unseating packer (390 bbls); cured with L.C.M. and P.O.H. with test string @ 0800 hours, 16 March, 1978.

D.B. Young
C-2
Prepared by

HUSKY				A TEST REPO				
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11/78

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#### ENGINEERING MEMORANDA

#### SOUTH BARROW WELL NO. 17

# PRODUCTION TEST NO. I April 7-13, 1978

This memorands is a presentation of the reservoir data gathered and reservoir calculations from the production test of the Barrow Sand in the South Barrow Well No. 17. Table I presents basic well and formation data. Table II is a listing of primary analysis results. These are original gas in place, back-pressure analysis, pressure buildup analysis, and pressure gradient test analysis. Presented next is a discussion of each analysis. Conclusions and recommendations are followed by data, graphs, and example calculations.

# TABLE I - WELL AND FORMATION DATA

2.	Perforations 2101 to 2127 feet at 4 spf.	
3.	Gross sand thickness	1 = 26 feet
4.	Net pay thickness	h = 10 feet
5.	Bulk porosity in net pay	ØB = 26.6%
6.	Effective porosity in net pay	Øe = 21.9%
7.	Average water saturation in net pay	Sw = 53.7%
8.	Gas gravity	eg = 0.572
9.	Critical temperature	$T_{C} = 343.6  ^{\circ}R$

9. Critical temperature
10. Critical pressure
11. Reservoir temperature
12. Initial reservoir pressure

12. Initial reservoir pressure 13. Initial gas compressibility  $T_i = 527 \text{ °R}$   $P_i = 997.8 \text{ psia}$   $Z_1 = 0.87$ 

 $P_c = 669.4 \text{ psia}$ 

#### TABLE II - ANALYSIS OF TEST RESULTS

A. Volumetric Reserves:

Original gas in place = 341.18 McF/AcFt.

Barrow Sandstone, early-middle Jurassic.

B. Backpressure Analysis:

Absolute open flow = AOF = 6.50 MMcF/D
Back pressure slope = n = .615
Back pressure constant = C = .0013307 MMcF/D
PST2

C. Pressure Buildup Analysis:

Initial reservoir pressure  $P_1 = 997.8 \text{ psia}$ Permeability thickness  $P_2 = 997.8 \text{ psia}$  Permesbility Skin Skin pressure drop Productivity index

Flow efficiency
Gas mobility
Effective wellbore radius
Approximate radius of investigation
Initial gas water ratio
Final gas water ratio

k = 49.38 md S = .474 \( \Delta P\_S = 29.86 \) psi \( J\_a = 12.26 \) \( \frac{McF/d}{psi} \)
\( E\_f = .942 \)
\( M = 4156.56 \) \( \text{md/cp} \)
\( r\_w^1 = 2.40 \) \( \text{inch} \)
\( r\_{1nv} = 524 \) ft
\( GWR\_1 = 10.50 \) MCF/bb1
\( GWR\_f = 32.16 \) MCF/bb1

#### D. Wellbore Pressure Gradient Survey:

BHP at 2092 ft Fluid level WHP Fluid gradient BHP at 2109 = 971.1 psia = 1895 ft = 844.0 psia = .457 psi/ft = 978.9 psia

DISCUSSION OF DATA, ANALYSIS TECHNIQUE, AND RESULTS

#### Original Gas in Place

The porosity, water saturation, and reservoir temperature used in the calculation of Original Gas in Place were derived from log analysis and are representative of the 10 feet of net pay selected between 2104 and 2114 feet. The initial reservoir pressure was derived from the buildup analysis and corrected to a depth of 2109 feet as indicated by the gradient survey. Gas properties were from laboratory analysis of produced samples.

The calculated value of Original Gas in Place is 341.18 McF/Ac ft. This is 14.4% higher than the assumed value of 298.2 McF/Ac ft in use for the South Barrow field. The primary cause of this difference is the porosity of 21.9% as opposed to the 16.0% in use as an average field porosity.

# Four Point Backpressure Analysis

There were many mechanical problems, both before and during the four point test which complicate the analysis. Among these were the production of free formation water in intermittent heads, repeated failures of the line heater, failure of alcohol injection equipment, failure and freezeoff of liquid production metering devices, failure of the separator meter run straightening vanes, separator liquid carryover, flow line freezeoff, hydrate formation, and finally the intermittent failure and eventual miscalibration of the Hewlett-Packard continuous downhole pressure recorder. The result was a highly fluctuating flow-pressure history. As the pressure recorder used for analysis was the Sperry-Sun 8-minute recorder hung at 2092 feet, correlation of exact wellhead flow rate to bottom hole pressure presented some difficulty.

However, it was assumed that the pressure tool was above the static fluid level during the flow periods and below the static fluid level during the shut-in period as indicated by the pressure gradient test. This assumption yields an initial bottom hole pressure of 997.8 psia at 2109 feet and flowing bottom hole pressures read directly from the tool. The resultant back pressure curve yields an AOF of 6.5 MMcF/d with n = .615.

#### Pressure Buildup Analysis

The buildup period selected for analysis was the shut-in period following the initial "6 hour" flow period. This selection was due to the fact that the preceding flow most closely approximated the theoretical criterion of constant flow rate and that the pressure buildup was the "smoothest" of those measured.

The buildup was analyzed on the basis of shut-in pressure vs log  $\frac{T+\Delta T}{\Delta T}$ . Point

alignment was fair. The extrapolated reservoir pressure at  $\frac{T+\Delta T}{\Delta T}$  = 1.0 was

990 psia. However, as the gradient test indicated a static fluid level above the tool, the reservoir pressure was corrected to a depth of 2109 feet by adding 7.8 psi which is the equivalent of 17 feet of fluid at the indicated gradient.

The resultant value of kh is 493.8 md ft. This is approximately 3 times as large as the kh value currently in use for the field and 1.5 times the value derived in the analysis of the test of Well No. 14.

The skin value of 0.571 and the effective wellbore radius of 2.40 inches indicates a slight amount of formation damage.

#### Pressure Gradient Survey

The pressure gradient survey was quite straight-forward. Fluid level was indicated at 1895 feet.

#### CONSLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Although the well exhibits good characteristics for the production of gas, it also, unfortunately, is an excellent producer of water. The initial indicated ratio of water to gas production was 0.095238 bbl/McF while the final observed ratio was 0.031095 bbl/McF. Assuming the final ratio to be representative and an operational drawdown of 15%, the resultant initial gas and water rates would be 2960 McF/d and 92 bbl/d. The reasons for this high rate of water production are felt to be the low structural position of the well and the overperforation of the gross pay interval.

Although it may be possible to reduce the rate of water production by formation treatment, indications are that this well will always be a problematically high water producer. The many mechanical and operational problems encountered in this test were primarily attributable to arctic conditions and the misread flowing bottom hole pressures resultant from the miscalibrated continuous bottom

hole pressure tool. Modifications of equipment design and location and limiting the percentage drawdown and flow period lengths were indicated as being necessary. Such modifications were implemented in subsequent testing (i.e., So. Barrow No. 19) and proven valid.

# DATA AND EXAMPLE CALCULATIONS

Attached are the data and calculations listed below.

1.	Graph I	
•	F	Calculation

Graph II 3.

Example Calculation II 4.

Graph III 5.

Example Calculation III

Graph IV 7.

Example Calculation IV

Q vs T

Original Gas in Place

Pc2-PT2 vs Q

Back Pressure Data

Pvs T+AT/AT

Buildup Analysis

P vs D

Gradient Analysis

Stephen K. Lewis

Reservoir Engineer

#### MEMORANDUM

May 17, 1979

TO: J. M. McCarthy

FROM: S. K. Lewis

SUBJ: Production Test, Upper Barrow Sand, South Barrow Well No. 17

The Upper Barrow Sand was perforated in Barrow No. 17 from 2038' to 2048', from 2054' to 2065', and from 2080' to 2088'. Perforations were at four shots per foot, using a 4" Hyperjet II gun.

After clean up, the well was tested. Testing consisted of an 8-hour Stabilized One-Point flow, a 24-hour buildup, an Equal Time Two-Point flow, and a 72-hour buildup.

Back pressure analysis was performed on the three flow periods.

Reservoir analysis was prepared on the stabilized drawdown. Data, calculations, and resultant calculated values are presented below.

#### Back Pressure Analysis

The backpressure slope was established from the Equal Time Two Point flow data. Absolute Open Flow was based on the Stabilized One-Point flow.

# Backpressure Parameters

n = 0.659

AOF = 132 McF/D

#### Drawdown Analysis

The drawdown analysis technique was based on the semilog plot of Pwf vs log Tp and the pressure equation:

Reservoir parameter analysis was based on test results and values of  $\emptyset$ ,  $S_{w}$ , and h derived from the H. J. Gruy log analysis as published in the Reservoir Engineering and Geologic Study of the East Barrow Field on December 20, 1978.

#### <u>Calculated Reservoir Parameters</u>

Flow Capacity = kh = 1.233145 md.ft. Permeability = k = 0.0616527 md Skin Factor = S = -2.496 Productivity Index = J = 0.240 McF/d psi Gas Mobility = M = 5.0727 md/cp Effective Wellbore Radius =  $r_w^1$  = 51.568 inch Radius of Investigation = 20.747 ft

#### Conclusions

Based on well performance while being tested and the attached test analysis, it is concluded that the Upper Barrow Sand, as penetrated in Barrow Well No. 17, is not a commercially producable zone.

All estimated ultimate Recoverable Reserves in the Upper Barrow Sand which have been assigned to Barrow No. 17 should be removed from current reserve estimates. Based on 640 acre spacing, this would result in a Recoverable Reserve cut of 1.440 BCF.

S. K. Lewis Senior Engineer

Copy to: Bob Lantz

I. Bg = Z 
$$\frac{T}{T_{SC}}$$
  $\frac{P_{SC}}{P_1 - P_{wf}}$   $\frac{P_1}{T_{SC}}$  = 971.90 psia  $\frac{P_1}{T_{SC}}$   $\frac{P_2}{T_{SC}}$   $\frac{P_2}{T_{C}}$  = 55.2°F  $\frac{P_2}{T_{C}}$  = 664 psia  $\frac{T_2}{T_{C}}$  = 334°F  $\frac{P_2}{T_{Wf}}$  = 548.85

a. 1. 
$$P_r = \frac{P_i - P_{wf}}{2} = \frac{971.9 + 548.85}{2} = \frac{760.375}{664} = 1.145$$

2. 
$$T_r = \frac{T}{T_c} = \frac{515.2}{334} = 1.543$$

3. From Poettmann & Carpenter tables:

$$Z$$
 at  $T_r = 1.543 \& P_r = 1.145 Z = 0.899$ 

b. 
$$B_g = .899 \frac{515.2}{560} \frac{14.65}{760.375}$$

$$B_g = 0.0159352$$

II.  $\mu_g$  from Carr et al

a. 
$$\mu_g = \mu_1 \times \mu_{/\mu_1}$$
  $\mu_1 = 0.01095$   $\mu_{/\mu_1} = 1.11$ 

... 
$$\mu_g$$
 = 0.01095 X 1.11 = 0.1021545 cp = .

III. 
$$C_t = S_g C_g + S_w C_w + C_f$$
  $S_g = .414$   $S_w = .586$   $C_w = 3.3 \times 10^{-6}$   $C_f = 3.3 \times 10^{-6}$ 

a. Cg from Trube

$$c_g = \frac{c_{pr}}{P_c}$$
 at  $P_r = 1.145 & T_r = 1.543$   $c_{pr} = 1.02$ 

. 
$$c_g = \frac{1.02}{664} = .001536$$

b. 
$$C_t = (.414 \text{ X} .001536) + (.586 \text{ X} 3.3 \text{ X} 10^{-6}) + 3.3 \text{ X} 10^{-6} = .000641138$$

IV. kh = 
$$\frac{28984 \text{ q } \mu_g B_g}{m}$$

a. From flow test:

$$m = 463$$

b. 
$$kh = 28984 (101.705) 0.0121545 (0.0159352)$$
463

$$kh = 1.233145 \text{ md ft}$$

c. at 
$$h = 20$$
 ft

$$k = .0616572 \text{ nd}$$

v. 
$$S = 1.1513 \quad \left[ \left( P_{1} - P_{1 \text{ hr}} \right) - \log \left( \frac{k}{\theta \mu c_{t} r_{w}^{2}} + 3.2275 \right) \right]$$

a. 
$$P_i = 971.9 \text{ psi } P_{1 \text{ hr}} = 878 \text{ psi}$$

$$\mu = 0.0121545 \text{ cp}$$
  $C_t = 0.000641138$ 

$$r_{\omega} = 135417$$
  $m = 463$ 

b. 
$$S = 2.495979$$

VI. J = 
$$\frac{q}{P_1-P_{wf}}$$
 =  $\frac{101.705}{(971.9-548.05)} \frac{McF/d}{psi}$ 

$$J = 0.240 \text{ McF/d/psi}$$

VII. M = 
$$\frac{k_g}{\mu_g}$$
 =  $\frac{.0616572}{.0121545}$  = 5.0727 nd/cp

VIII. 
$$r_w^{-1} = r_w e^{-s} = 4.25 e^{2.495979} = 51.568 inch$$

IX. 
$$r_{inv} = \sqrt{\frac{0.00105 \text{ k T}_p}{\theta \mu C_r}} = 20.747 \text{ ft} = 20.747 \text{ ft}$$

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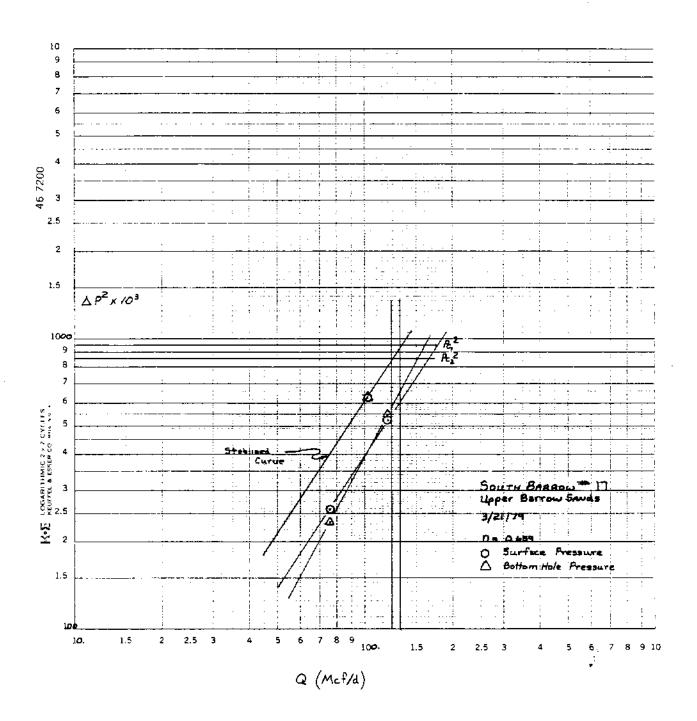
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D-13

#### MEMORANDUM

March 31, 1978

TO: G. W. Legg

FROM: A. Kane

SUBJ: Log Analysis - South Barrow Well No. 17

Water resistivity in the Barrow gas sand was computed from the 20 MV positive SP which resulted in a salinity of 60,000 ppm and resistivity of 0.11. Using this value of Rw, the following results were obtained:

	ø	Sw
2106-12	27 <b>%</b>	32%
2118-22	22%	53%
2124-27	24%	56%

It would appear the sand could be successfully perforated from 2104' to 2127' without water production. Net sand is in the order of 18 feet.

The two sands from 1614-20 and 1658-64 show some anomalous log results which are difficult to explain, namely the very high formation resistivities of 240 ohms at 1618 and 2000 ohms at 1662 while the density porosities are 18% and 19%. These values would result in water saturation values impossibly low, especially in view of the poor results of the DST. The microlog indicates low porosity. One possible explanation of the high resistivity could be that sands have no fluid and this would also result in a higher density porosity and a decrease in Neutron porosity. This theory is certainly open to deestion.

Armour Kane

Log Analysis

MPART.	HUSA	4 D14	/NPP	OPERA	TIONS	INC.				***	BARROH	1 # 17	
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Log Analysis

#### ARMOUR KANE

Well Log Analyst 18360-6 Cantara St. Resede. Ca. 91335 (213) 993-0586 April 14, 1978

Mr. Gordon W. Legg Husky Oil/NPR Operations, Inc. 2525 C Street Anchorage, Alaska 99503

Dear Mr. Legg:

Final log runs on Barrow #17 were made on April 2, 1978 at total depth of 2382. Schlumberger ran Dual Laterolog, Neutron-Density, Compensated Sonic, Microlaterolog and Dipmeter and recovered 15 of 26 sidewall cores. Log quality was generally good although the DLL had to be run twice because the first pass was "hashy". The first attempt with the core gun was shot off depth and required a second attempt which was successful.

The Sag River sand was topped at 2275 and the Argillite at 23hh. A sandy, shaly limestone was encountered at 2336 with a very low porosity. The Sag River looks silty and shaly but with about 17 feet of porosity averaging 16% with water saturations from 41% to 57%. The best interval is 2300-2311 indicating an average porosity of 16.6% and average water saturation of 43%. However, because of the shale and silt content the permeability may be too low for production. Water resistivity was computed from the 20MV positive SP at .13 or 55,000 ppm which is in good agreement with the 60,000 ppm calculated in the Barrow Gas sand. However, water which has been produced along with the gas from the Barrow sand has been measured at .45 3 71° or about 13,000 ppm. This would result in Sw values greater than 100% and the log whould have displayed a positive SP of over 60MV. Sw figures in excess of 100% would preclude the possibility of hydrocarbon production and yet the well is making gas. The original computations based on an Rw of O.ll indicated an average Sw of about 50% which would result in gas production with some water cut and this is the well's performance to date. It appears that more research and analysis is necessary to establish true water salinity in this area.

Very truly yours,

Armour Kane



ANCHOPAGE, ALASKA 99509

Company Husky Oil Company Well No. South Barrow No. 17	DateMarch 15, 1978	Lab. No. 7523
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40. į	LXGEND	эсети, есет	PERCENT	HOT THE	VETTICAL .	* PORE SPACE 0 ISIDULE DIE	TOTAL WATER	<b>4478</b>	¥C:5	46.3
	·		 	CORE	NO. 1	;	:			•
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	;   	2096-97 2097-98 2098-99 2099-2100 2100-01	18.2 17.7 6.7 18.3 16.7	2.46	2.00 2.09 3.08 2.00 1.76	Trace Trace Trace 1.31	48.8 55.5 53.6 53.3 53.2	!	•	! !
6. 7. 8. 9.		2101-02 2102-03 2103-04 2104-05 2105-06	17.6 24.3 25.1 22.9 21.9	1.48 96 305 75 123	0.63 104 241 75 110	Trace Trace 0.96 1.05	49.3   49.0   53.4 61.1   55.8			
11. 12. 13. 14.		2106-07 2107-08 2108-09 2109-10 2110-11	18.7 23.6 21.6 18.9 25.3	45 637 325 202 1159	42 583 254 172 1074	1.95 2.07 2.26 2.00 1.93	59.0 61.2 63.8 50.2 48.6	;		
16.   17.   18.   19.   20.	 	2111-12 2112-13 2113-14 2114-15 2115-16	23.4 25.8 23.9 22.8 19.5	1146 888 671 45 12	950 804 651 38 4.11	3.11 2.83 4.10 3.21 2.52	56.0 55.9 56.7 57.5 61.4			:
21. 22. 23. 24. 25.		2116-17 2117-13 2118-19 2119-20 2120-21	25.4 18.6 19.4 22.2 23.6	180 102 50 180 126	129 81 46 172 97	1.93 2.62 2.53 2.20 3.02	57.8 62.1 50.2 58.1 60.3			
2 <b>5</b> . 27. 28. 29.		2121-22 2122-23 2123-24 2124-25 2125-26	21.4 20.8 25.0 27.9 13.5	123 63 340 382 15	32 33 279 296 14	3.41 3.50 1.96 2.02 1.29	64.2 60.6 56.0 57.1 56.8			



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4549 Business Park Blvd

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

# CORE ANALYSIS REPORT

PAGE TWO

Caravatt	Husky Oil Company_	
Company— V/ell No	South Barrow No. 17	_Location
Field	N2R #4	Formation
County		Depths
State	Alaska	Drilling Fluid
ç	Creck Practur•	LEGEND
IX	—Harizantel —Open	NF—Mo Process  15—Tesulficient Sample  15—Tesulficient Sample

			PPRETIVE		ABILITY	547UP	4TIO 45		BOLUBILITY		
SAMPLA	FESENB	DEFIN, FEET	PORGAITY	PORCERT HORIZONTAL VORTICAL		1, POPE STACE	TOTAL HETER	40494TE	400 13 % 4010 4010		
40.	<del></del>										
į	!			CORE N	0. 2		•				
31. 32. 33.		2126-27 2127-28 2128-29 2129-30 2130-31	19.3 18.6 18.9 19.3 19.4	103 555 228 15 7.79	89 500 216 13	0.93 1.92 Trace 1.24 1.20	53.6 66.0 65.8 65.3 66.4				
35.				. !							
36. 37.		2131-32 2132-33	16.6 5.6	2.58 4.76	1.58 1.12	Trace Trace	64.3 37.8			; ; ;	
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# CHEMICAL & GEOLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC. 8.0. BOX 4-1276 OF ALASKA, INC. 4649 Business Park Blvd.

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

Well N Field	io. Sout	th Barrow No. #4	<u> 17</u>		Loca Form	tion				
ounty	Alas	- b-		<del> </del>	Dept					
tate	CCrack FFract HHeris OOpen	r ure		S—Siight St—Stein V—Vertic Ve—Vugt	3					
LAMPLE HO.	LEGGMO	DEPTH, FEET	EPPECTIVE POROBLET PERCENT	PERME WILLIE HORIZORTAL	VERTICAL		TOTAL WATER	CORRATE	SOLU MUS ACID	SILITY 18 % ACIB
			SIDE	WALL CORE	<u>s</u>					
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.		1616 1617 1618 1619 1620	21.6 22.0 21.3 18.6 24.6	303 488 500 58 64						
6. 7. 8. 9.		1660 1661 1662 1663 2044	19.0 20.3 22.1 26.2 16.3	13 265 311 244 0.92						
11. 12. 13. 14. 15.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2046 2049 2052 2056 2063	14.6 18.1 19.2 16.7 19.1	0.34 6.88 14 2.98		,				
16. 17. 18. 19. 20.		2064 2066 2067 2068 2070	18.4 17.0 19.4 16.6 18.2	7.62 3.34 39 1.80						
21. 22. 23. 24. 25.		2072 2074 2092 2191 2192	15.1 18.3 19.0 20.6 10.2	2.62 6.41 1.84 44 0.33						
26.		2193	8.4	0.17						



# CHEMICAL & GEOLOGICAL LABORATORILS OF ALASKA, INC. TELEPHONE (907) 279-4014 P.O. BOX 4-1276 2603 ARCTIC BLVO

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P.O. BOX 4-1276

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

Compa		Husky Oil Co	mpa <b>ny</b>		Date	March :	31, 1978	Lab.	No. 7612	<u>?</u>
Well N		South Barrow			Loca					
Field_		NPR No. 4			Form	ation				
		<u></u>		-	Dept					
County State_		Alaska				ng Fluid				
31210										_
	C—Creek P—Press H—Hori O—Open	k ruru ipostal			LEGEND NF—No Practu				5—Slight St—Suda V—Varie Va—Vage	
	-		<u></u>	·-···	I 8— I sav#Ilciest	Sample	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>
140FLE 710,	CEMANO	DEPTH, FEET	POPOSITY PERCENT	PERMÉ MILLIE MORIZONTAL	ABILITY ABEIES VERTICAL	SATUR % PORE SPACE RESIDUAL OIL	TOTAL WATER	CORRATE WATER	MUB ACIO	IE % ACID
			co	RE NO. 3	(2295-2	300.5)				
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.		2295-96 2296-97 2297-98 2298-99 2299-2300	6.3 10.5 18.0 12.6 10.1	11 26 38 5.17 6.11	6.33 10 21 2.08 1.75	2.41 2.84 3.11 1.97 2.13	53.0 60.1 56.4 58.3 62.6			
	;									
									,	



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4649 Business Park Blvd

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

ة	—Horisental —Open	IS-Insulficions Sample	-
17-	— Practile	NF-No Fracture	V—Vertical Vo—Vegs
٦	-Çrsek	LEGEND	S—Slight St—State V—Vernical
ate	MIRSKR	Drining Filled	
oun <b>ty</b>	Alaska	Drilling Fluid	
eld		Depths 2322-2345	
en No	NPR #4	Formation	<del>,</del>
mpany	South Barrow No. 17	Location	
	Husky Oil Company	DateApril_5, 1978	Lab. No. 7645

		PERMEABILITY SATURATIONS										80LU	eoty@iLiTY	
	LEBENS		PORGEITT	MILLIO	ARCIES	% PORE SPACE	% PORE SPACE	WATES	MUB ACID	16 %				
≓G.			PERCENT	AATHGEIRON	VERTICAL	RESIDUAL OIL.	TOTAL MATER							
				005 110 41	/2222 45	1	i 1	į		Į.				
			'	ORE NO. 4	(2322-45	,				1				
	•	2222 22	70.7	24	16	2.9	57.7			]				
٦.		2322-23	18.1		0.82	5.0	86.1							
2.		2323-24	10.3	1.10	6.88	1.7	60.7							
3.		2324-25	15.0	10			66.3			1				
4.		2325-26	10.9	3.05	1.79	4.7								
5.	٧F	2326-27	19.1	52	40	9.5	60.5			1				
i				22	22	Trace	70.6			}				
6.		2327-28	8.8	23	8.85	7.8	60.0			]				
7.		2328-29	10.0	14		2.9	57.4							
8.		2329-30	17.4	16	10	2.1	62.3							
9.		2330-31	12.2	6.10	5.96	3.4	56.6		1	-				
10.		2331-32	10.7	6.79	6.30	3.4	50.0							
	i	2332-33	13.1	2.78	0.88	2.0	50.9		ļ	1				
11.		2332-33	12.1	1.68	0.76	8.6	80.8							
12.			17.5	22	15	7.4	59.6		i					
13.	}	2334-35	18.3	15	15	4.3	69.2		1	i				
14.		2335-36		64	17	8.7	53.3		1	1				
15.	VF	2336-37	17.5	04	, ,,	""								
16.	ĺ	2337-38	11.6	6.80	0.08	8.9	72.8							
17.	ļ	2338-39	9.8	6.23	5.56	8.0	58.9	1						
		2339-40	9.9	3.89	3.20	2.6	51.2	!	1	1				
18.	!	2340-41	9.1	1.66	1.40	2.9	56.1	ļ						
19.		2341-42	10.2	5.88	5.37	Trace	58.9			1				
20		2341-42	10.2	5,55	1					1				
21.		2342-43	8.5	7.34	7.28	_3.0	60.1							
22.	1	2343-44	8.7	2.07	1.89	Trace	59.7	1	ļ					
23.		2344-45	5.6	1.30	0.87	Trace	85.4	ļ	1					
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# GEOLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC. 80. 80x 4-1276 4649 Business Park Blvd.

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

ounty_	Alaska C—Crack F—Presture	Depths Drilling Fluid LEGEND	S—Slight St-Stain V—Venteal
	H—Horizontal G—Opes	NF-No Fracture (SInsufficient Sample	Va-Vags

			EFFECTIVE	PERME	ARILITY	SATUR	ATIONS	CO-MATE SOLUBILI		
******		-	PODGEITY	HORIZORTAL	VERTICAL	ACSIDUAL OF	% PORE BRACE	COSMATE Water	MOB ,	(8 % AC10
***		<del></del>		HORITONTAL	VARTICAL		10122 44 7124		<u></u> -	74.5
							ì			
l i			l stor	WALL CORE	s	,				
			3100		<del></del>					
			1	]						i
1.		2275#22	5.2	0.46	:	!				
2.		2301#11	16.6	17						
3.		2301#12	18.0	16						
4.		2303#9	21.3	14						
5.		2303#10	22.6	20		}				
		- <del>-</del>	1							
6.		2305#7	28.4	28		ļ				
7.		2307#6	26.3	62		1				
8.		2309#3	30.1	104					ļ	
9.		2309#4	24.5	15					j	
10.		2313#1	32.3	41						
]		<b>_</b>					1		1	1
11.		2313#2	28.6	22		ļ		•		
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P.O. 8OX 4-1276

# ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

# 4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD. ANALYTICA L REPORT

Prom. Husky Oil	Company	Product Crude/Water	
Address Anchorag	e, Alaska	Date April 12, 1978	
Other Pertinent Det			
		April 21 1079	
Analysed by	٩٢	Date April 21, 1978 Lab No. 7695	

REPORT OF ANALYSIS
DRILL STEM TEST SAMPLES SOUTH BARROW NO. 17 NPR NO. 4, ALASKA

Samples received April 12, 1978

SAMPLE	<u> ДЕРТН</u>	BS&W-%	OIL SPECIFIC GRAVITY @60°F	API
DST No. 3	2212-2322	75	1.0518	3.0
DST No. 4	2212-2345	98	1.0522	3.0

NOTE:

Insufficient sample for further analysis.



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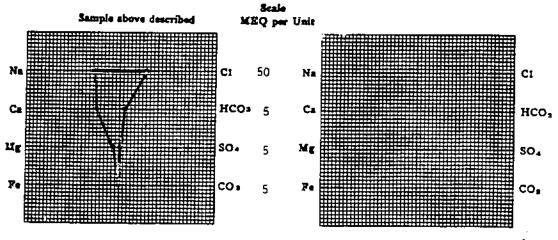
P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVO.

# WATER ANALYSIS REPORT

OPERATOR Husky Oil Company WELL NO. South Barrow No. 17 FIELD NPR #4 COUNTY Alaska	DATE April 21, 1978 LAB NO. 7693-1 LOCATION FORMATION INTERVAL BAMPLE FROM Production Test No. 1
REMARKS & CONCLUSIONS. Sample No. 1 slightly effer	- Clear, Rust colored precipitate, precipitate rvescent with addition of acid.
Cations         mg/1         mes/1           Bodies         7666         333.9           Peters         Trace            Calcium         520         30.9           Magnatum         100         8.2           Irea         Present	Chloride 13000 366.60  Carbonate 0  Significant 370 6.07
Total Cations 372.6	57 Total Anione - 372.67
Total dissolved salids, mg/1	Specific resistance @ 66 °F.: 0.45 Observer

# WATER ANALYSIS PATTERN



(Me value to obver graphs include, Me, K, and (A)

NOTE: Mg/1:::Milligrams per Nort Mor/1:::Milligram oparations per liber

Note::Milligram operation of the More and the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation ope



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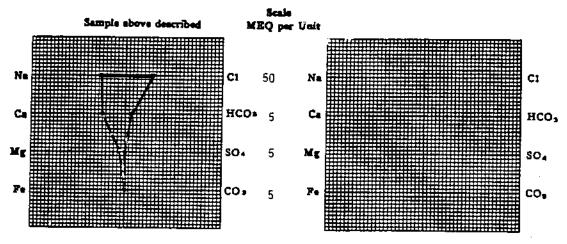
P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

### WATER ANALYSIS REPORT

OPERATOR_	Husky Oil Company	DATE April 21, 1	978 LAB N	7693-2
WELL NO.	South Barrow No. 17	LOCATION	. <del> </del>	
COUNTY	Alaska	FORMATION		
STATE	Aldska	SAMPLE PROM	roduction le	st No. 1
DEWIDES A	CONCLUSIONS: Sample No. 2 -	Clear, Iron precipi	tate	
KEDAKES &	CONCLUSIONS			
	<del></del>	<del></del>		
			<u></u>	
Cathona	mg/1 meg/1 7698 334.82	Anions	mg/1	meg/L
loding -		Salfato	Trace	
Potamban. Jakoban	<u>Trace</u> 0 30.94	Chloride	13000	366.60
farnesium	100 8.22	Carbonete	450	7.38
Pag	Present	Hydroxide		7.50
	Total Cartison 373.98		<del>-</del>	270.00
	Total Cations 3/3.98	Total A	nione	<u>373.98</u>
out despived a	· <del></del>	Specific resistance @ o4*		
	21655	Observes	0.47	okus-meters
SHALLON DEL	- · · · <u>6.5</u>	Calculated	0.39	aba-u-u-

#### WATER ANALYSIS PATTERN



(Mg value in object greate instation Na, K, and LL) NOTE: Mg/l wMallgram per than Man/l = Mallgram, squivalents per liter Soldent atherita squivalent: by Duning & Nyoutherns activalents, from asymptomes



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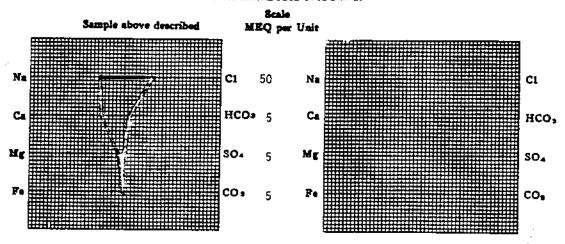
P.O.BOX 4- 1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

# WATER ANALYSIS REPORT

OPERATOR WELL HO	Husky Oil Compar South Barrow No. NPR #4	_•	DATE April 21, LOCATION		
STATE	Alaska		SAMPLE PROM P	roduction	Test No. 1
REMARKS & CON-	CLUSIONS: Sampl	e No. 3 - C	lear, Iron preci	pitate	
Cattlema	<u>me/1</u> 7698	334.84	Anions Salista	Trai	
Potanians Calcium	- <u>Trace</u> - <u>600</u> - <u>100</u> - <u>Present</u>	29.94 8.22	Chiorida Carbonsta	130	00 366.60
Total	Cationa	373.00	Total	Anione -	373.00
Total dissolved solids, NaC1 equivalent, mg/ Observed p.H	1	21589 21572 6.5	Specific resistance @ Observes Calculated	•4*F.:	0.45 0.39

# WATER ANALYSIS PATTERN



(He while in obere graphs includes No, E, and L2) NOTE: Mg/l=Milligroun per line Meg/l in Milligroun equivalent per line Solium obbride optivished they Domba & Mantheway established from secondaria.



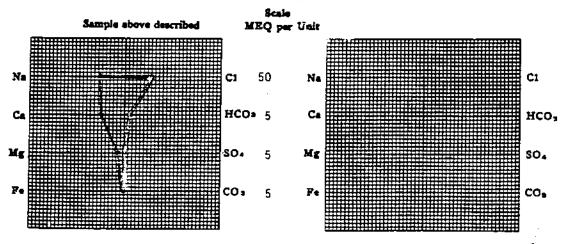
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P.O.BOX 4- 1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509 4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

### WATER ANALYSIS REPORT

OPERATOR_	Husky Oil Company	DATE April 21,	1978 LAB #0 7593-4
WELL NO_	South Barrow No. 17	LOCATION	
FIELD	NPR #4	FORMATION	
COUNTY		INTERVAL	Decide distance and the state of the state o
STATE	Alaska	SAMPLE FROW _	Production test No. 1
Cattone Sections -		.51 Sulfate	
Iron	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	Total Cations 372	.67 Toe	al Anione
NaCl equivalent,	mg/1	Specific resistance @ Observer Calculated	0.48 oka meters

#### **WATER ANALYSIS PATTERN**



(Me wide in obern grunts instantes Ma, K, and Li).

MOTE: Mg/ImMElgruns per Wor Mas/Im Millyron squivalents per liter

Bellem oblocks operabeting Danks & Harrisons ministes, from succession.

#### GAS ANALYSIS

HA - 1 (2/2/68)

### REPORT OF ANALYSIS

M.S.N-67893 .H 0.12 OBS. PRES. 59.5 F.S. - 15891 CAL. PRES. 63.8 COUNTY- NORTHWESTERN STATE- ALASKA FIELD-BARROW E WELL NAME- WELL NO. 17 LOCATION- NOT GIVEN SEC 30, T.ZZN, RIGH OWNER- HUSKY OIL NPR OPERATIONS INC DATE COMPLETED- NOT GIVEN 13 APRIL, 1978 DATE SAMPLED- 01/17/80 SAMPLED BY- NICHOLLS & CRANE NAME OF PRODUCING FORMATION- NOT GIVEN BARROW JAMO DEPTH IN FEET-NOT GIVEN #2/00 THICKNESS IN FEET- NOT GIVEN 20' OPEN FLOW, MCF/D- NOT GIVEN 2 940 MCFPD SHUT IN WELLHEAD PRES., PSIG- 1000 + 92 BWPD CHECK OF DATA-THE WELL DATA ARE ACCURATE, (\_\_\_\_\_) WITHOUT CORRECTION.(\_\_\_\_\_) AS CORRECTED ABOVE. REMARKS. ANALYSIS-METHANE 94.9 0.1 TRACE % NORMAL PENTANE OXYGEN ETHANE ISOPENTANE 0.0 TRACE % ARGON PROPANE 0.3 0.1 0.0 CYCLOPENTANE **HYDROGEN** NORMAL BUTANE 0.2 0.0 **HEXANES PLUS** 0.2 H2\$ ISOBUTANE 0.1 NITROGEN 3.1 CO2 TRACE %

CALCULATED GROSS BTU/CU.FT., DRY AT 60 DEG. F AND 30 IN. MERCURY- 1014

DUE TO THE ABSORPTION OF H2S DURING SAMPLING. THE REPORTED RESULTS MAY NOT BE RELIABLE

#### PERMISSION FOR RELEASE:

SPECIFIC GRAV 0.587

Permission is hereby granted for the Bureau of Mines to release the above data, together with similar data released by other operators as public information and as parts of a series of papers on analyses of gases from various fields, states, or regions.

OMPANY U.S. Malagread Sures

EY Robert Land

TITLE Heologist

HELIUM

TOTAL

0.13 %



Well No.

Field\_

County\_

# CHEMICAL & GEOLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC.

TELEPHONE (907) 279-4014

Husky Oil Company South Barrow No. 17

NPR #4

P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509 4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

\_lab. No.<u>7497+1</u>

### **GAS ANALYSIS REPORT**

Date\_\_

\_Location\_

\_Formation\_\_ \_Depth\_\_\_\_\_

March 22, 1978

Okpikrauk 1512-1715

ounty		Depth13_	12-1/15	
itale	Alaska	Sampling point	DST No. 1	
	epsig; Sample pressure 10 psig;	Sampling point_ Temperature * F,	Container nun	nber
emarks	Sample No. 1 March 10, 1978		<del></del>	
		<del></del>		
			Mole % or	
	Component		Volume %	
	•		٥	
	Oxygen		· <del>1.83</del>	
	Nitrogen	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Carbon dioxide			
	Hydrogen sulfide		·	
			96.25	
	Methane,			Gallon
	Ethane			per MC
	Propane			0.113
	Isa-butane , , , , , ,			0.026
	N-butane , ,		0.08	0.025
	iso-pentane		Q.Q4	0.015
	N-pentane,		0.03	0.011
	Hexanes	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	0.03	0.004
	Heptanes & higher		Irace	
		Total	100.00	-0.194
	CDM of contains & higher function		0.0	120
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<u> </u>
	Gross blu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 psia (dr	u haeiel	1013	
	Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)	y 04313/,	0.5	76
	Specific gravity (measured)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.5	
	opecine diasny (measures)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		) ( )
	Remarks:			
		<del></del>	- <del>·</del>	



Company\_

Well No ...

# CHEMICAL & GEOLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC.

TELEPHONE (907) 279-4014

Husky Oil Company

South Barrow No. 17 NPR No. 4

P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

\_Lab. No.\_\_7497*-*2

### GAS ANALYSIS REPORT

\_Location\_

Date March 22, 1978

ska psig; Sample pressure 10psi ple No. 2March 10, 197	Formation	.º F; Container nun	nber
psig; Sample pressure 10psi	Sampling poi	nt DST No. 1	nber
psig; Sample pressure 10psi	g; Temperature	° F; Container nun	nber
psig; Sample pressure 10psi ple No. 2March 10, 197			nber
Component		Mole % or Volume %	
Oxygen		0	
, -			
<del>-</del>		· · · · <del> · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>	
, <u>-</u>	•		
		97 16	
			Galion
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	per MO
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.07
			0.01
		- · ,	<u>       0.01 </u>
(so-pentane, . , , , , , ,		0.03	<u> </u>
N-pentane, , , , ,		0.02	-0.00
Hexanes,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<u>Trace</u>	
Heptanes & higher		Trace	
	Total	100_00	0.12
GPM of pentanes & higher fraction, , ,	•••••	0.0	)18
Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 neia	(dry basis)	1025	
opecific gravity (calculated from analys	iel	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	70
pecific gravity (measured)		n.s	
			<del></del>
	Nitrogen Carbon dioxide Hydrogen sulfide Methane Ethane Propane Iso-butane N-butane N-pentane N-pentane Hexanes Heptanes & higher  GPM of pentanes & higher fraction Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 psia	Nitrogen Carbon dioxide Hydrogen sulfide  Methane. Ethane Propane Iso-butane N-butane N-butane N-pentane N-pentane Hexanes Heptanes & higher  Total  GPM of pentanes & higher fraction Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 psia (dry basis) Specific gravity (calculated from enalysis) Specific gravity (measured)	Nitrogen



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P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509 4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

Company	Husky Oil Company	Date March 22, 1978	Lab. No. 7497-3
Well No.	South Barrow No. 17		
Field	NPR No. 4	Location Okpikrauk	
County		Depth1512-1715	
State	Alaska	Depth 1512-1715 Sampling point DST No. 1	
Line pressure Remarks	psig; Sample pressure_10 p Sample No. 3, March 10, 1	sig: Temperature ° F; Container number_ 978	
		· <u>-</u>	-1√

Component	Male % or Valume %	
Oxygen	0	
Nitrogen	0.06	
Carbon dioxide	0.61	
Hydrogen sulfide		
	96.75	<b>A</b> II
Melhane	1 24	Gallons
Erhane	0.24	per MCF 0.066
Propana		0.020
iso-bulane	0.06	
N-butane		0.025
lso-pentane	<u>0.04</u>	0.015
N-pentane	0.02_	0.007
Hexanes Heptanes & higher	<u>Trace</u>	
Total	100.00	0.133
GPM of pentanes & higher fraction	<u>0.</u>	022
Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 psia (dry basis)	1012	
Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)		575
pecific gravity (measured)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	575



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P.O.BOX 4- 1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVO.

### GAS ANALYSIS REPORT

Company	Husky Oil Company South Barrow No. 17 NPR No. 4  Alaska re psig: Sample pressure 700 p Sample No. 1 Taken March 15,	Date April 17, 1978 lab.  Location Barrow Sand Depth 2105-2147 (DST No. 2) Sampling point Choke Manifold sig: Temperature 42 ° F; Container number 1978
	Component	Mole % or Volume %
	Methane. Ethane Propane Iso-butane N-butane Iso-pentane N-pentane	2.10 0.10  96.95 Gallons 0.50 per MCF 0.05 0.014 0.02 0.007 0.12 0.038 0.08 0.029
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction.  Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 ps  Specific gravity (calculated from ana Specific gravity (measured)	ia (dry basis). 1001 lysis). 0.572
	Remarks:	



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P.C.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVO.

Company         Date         APT 1 17, 1978         Lab. No           Well No.         South Barrow No. 17         Location           Field         NPR No. 4         Formation         Barrow Sand           County         Depth         2105-2147 (DST No. 2)	
Field NPR No. 4 Formation Barrow Sand	
2105-2147 (DST No. 2)	
County Depth 2103-2147 (D31 NO. 2)	
Alaska Sampling point Choke Manifold	
Line pressurepsig; Sample pressure 700 psig; Temperature 42 ° F; Container number	
Remarks Sample No. 2 taken March 15, 1978	

Component	Mole % or Volume %	
Oxygen Nitrogen Carbon dioxide Hydrogen sulfide	2.00	
Methane. Ethane Propane Iso-butane N-butane Iso-pentane N-pentane Hexanes Heptanes & higher	0.62	Gallons per MCF 0.011 0.016 0.041 0.011 0.014 0.008
Total	100.00	0.101
GPM of pentanes & higher fraction	1001	033
Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)	0.	571 570
Remarks:		



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P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

Company	Husky Oil Company	Date April 17, 1978	Lab. No., 7595-3
Well No.	South Barrow No. 17	Location	
Field	NPR No. 4	Formation Barrow Sand	<del>-</del>
County			ST No. 2)
State	Alaska	Sampling point Choke Ma	nifold
Line pressur	epsig; Sample pressure 700 psig;	Temperature 42 ° F; Container nu	mber
Remerks		778	
		·	
		Maie % or	
	Component	Volume %	
		•	
	Oxygen		
	Nitrogen		
	Carbon dioxide	<u>0.11</u>	
	Hydrogen sulfide	<u></u>	
	Methane	96.90	Gallons
	Ethane	0.44	per MCF
	Propane	2 22	0.022
	Iso-butane	0.08	0.026
	N-butane	0.14	0.044
	Iso-pentane		0.015
	N-pentane.		0.022
			0.008
	Hexanes & higher		
			<u> </u>
		100	
		Total	0_142
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction,	0	.050
	over or particular a ringrior reaction ( , , , , ,		
	Gross blu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 psia (dr	v basis) 1001	
	Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)	0	.573
	Specific gravity (measured)		.570
	-E-mine Branch transmissed 1111111		<del></del>
	Remárks:		
		·	<del></del>
			<del></del>



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P.O.BOX 4- 1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

Company	Husky Oil Company	Date Apr	il 17, 1978_	lab, No7694-1
Well No	South Barrow No. 17	Location		
Field	NPR No. 4	Formation	Sag River	
County		Depth	2212-2322	
State	Alaska	Sampling poin	Choke Manifold	
line pressur Remarks	repsig; Sample pressure 255 p	sig; Temperature °	F; Container number	<del></del>
	Sample No. 1 Taken March 29,	1978		
-	<del></del>	<u> </u>	·	

Component	Mole % or Volume %	
Oxygen	0	
Nitrogen	1 CO	
Carbon dioxide	<del>-</del>	
Hydrogen sulfide	· · · · · · · <del> </del>	
Methene		Gallons
Ethane		per MCF
Propane	,	0.041
Iso-butane		0.013
N-butane		0.019
Iso-pentane		0.007
N-pentane		0.011
Hexanes	0.01	0.004
Heptanes & higher	Trace	
	100.00	0.095
GPM of pentanes & higher fraction	<u> </u>	0.022
Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 psia (dry basis)	1007	,
pecific gravity (calculated from analysis)	<u></u>	). \$ <del>69</del>
pecific gravity (measured)		).570
lemarks:		



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P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509 4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

<b></b>	Husky Oil Company	Date April 17, 1978 Lab. No. 70	694-2
Company Well No	South Barrow No. lu	Location	
Field	NPR No. 4	Formation Sag River	
County			
State	Alaska	Sampling point Choke Manifold	
Line pressu	200	Temperature * F; Container number	
Remarks	, - , ,	·	
	Sample No. 2 taken March 29, 19	78	
		Mole % or	
	Component	Volume %	
	•	^	
	Oxygen	0	
	Nilrogen	1.50	
	Carbon dioxide		
	Hydrogen sulfide		
	Methane	97.51 Gailons	
	Ethane	0.72 per MCF	
	Propane	<u>0.10</u> <u>0.027</u>	
	Iso-butane		
	N-butane , , , , ,	0.06 0.019	
	iso-pentane, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	N-pentane,	0.03 0.011	
	Hexanes	, . , ,	
	Heptanes & higher	<u>Trace</u>	
	•	Total	
	Once to the state of the	0.026	
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction, , , ,	0.020	
	Complex on the @1005 4 115	des basis) 1006	
	Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 psia (c	dry Desist,	
	Specific gravity (calculated from analysis	- A E 4 A	
	Specific gravity (measured)		
	Remarks:		
	Kemarks:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	<del></del>		



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P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

\_\_lab. No.\_7694-3

### GAS ANALYSIS REPORT

Company	Husky Oil Company	Date	769
Well No	South Barrow No. 17	Location	
Field	NPR No. 4	Formation Sag River	
County		Depth 2212-2322	
State	Alaska	Sampling point Choke Manifold	
Line pressur	r <u>e psig; Sample pressure 255 p</u>	sig; Temperature ° F; Container number	
Remarks			
	Sample No. 3 taken March 29.	, 1970	
			-
	•	Mole % or	
	Component	Mole % or Volume %	
	Component		
	Oxygen	0	
	Nitrogen		
	Carbon dioxida		
	Hydrogen sulfide		
	Methane		
	Ethane		
	Propane		
	Iso-butane		
	N-butane		
	so-pentane		
	N-pentane, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u>0.06</u> <u>0.022</u>	
	Hexanes		
	Heptanes & higher		
•		Total 100.00 0.117	
		TOTAL ULTIV	
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction, ,	0.046	
		1000	
	Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 ps	ia (dry basis)	
	Specific gravity (calculated from anal		
	Specific gravity (measured)	0.569	
	Remarks:		
	·		



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P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509 4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

Company Husky 011 Company Well No. South Barrow No. 17	Date April 18, 1978 Lab. No.	7725-1
Well No. South Barrow No. 17	location	
Field NPR #4	Formation	
County	Depth   Wellhead   Sampling point   Wellhead	
CountyStateAlaska	Sampling point   Well Thead	
Line pressure psig; Sample pressure 844	psig; Temperature ~~~ ° F; Container number	
Sample No. 1 taken 4-11-78		

Component	Mole % or Volume %	
Oxygen	0.92	
Methane Ethane Propane Iso-butane Iso-putane Iso-pentane N-pentane Hexanes, \$ Higher	0.35 0.06 0.01 0.03 0.01	Gallons per MCF 0.016 0.003 0.009 0.004 0.004
Total	100.00	0.036
GPM of pentanes & higher fraction,	0	.008
Gross btu-cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 psia (dry basis)	<u> </u>	.570 .570
Remarks:		



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4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

Lab. No. 7725-2

# **GAS ANALYSIS REPORT**

	•	AS AIVEISIS NEI ON		
Company	Husky Oil Company	Date April 18, 1978	Lab	
Well No	South Barrow No. 17	Location		
Field	NPR #4	Formation		
County		Depth		
State	Alaska	Sampling point Wellhead		
Line pressur	epsig; Sample pressure 844	psig; Temperature * F; Container number		
Remarks	Sample No. 2 taken 4-11-78			
	<del></del>			
	Component	Mole % ar Valume %		
	Component	Volume A		
	Oxygen	0		
	Nitrogen			
	Carbon dioxide	0.05		
	Hydrogen sulfide			
	vijaroga: asimoa i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
	Merhane	98.48 Gall	-	
	Ethane	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Propane			
	Iso-butane			
	N-butane		_	
	Iso-pentane.			
	N-pentane		114	
	Hexanes		108	
		Total	149	
	CDM of contract & bishes for all	0.026		
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction		0.020	
	Gross btu cu. ft. @60° F. & 14.7 p	sia (dry basis) 1007		
	Specific gravity (calculated from an	elvsis) 0.563		
	Specific gravity (measured) , ,			
	Remarks:			
	<del></del>			



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Husky Oil Company

P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509

4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

Lab. No. 7725-3

# **GAS ANALYSIS REPORT**

April 18, 1978

Company_	Husky Oil Company	Dete_ April 18, 1978
Well No	South Barrow No. 17	Location
Field	NPR #4	Formation
County	Alaska	DepthWellhead
State		Samping point
Line pressu	re psig; Sample pressure 844 Sample No. 3 taken 4-11-78	psig; Temperature° F; Container number
Remarks	Sample No. 3 Laken 4-11-78	
		Mole % or
	Component	Volume %
	•	_
	Oxygen	
	Nitrogen	
	Carbon dioxide	<u>Trace</u>
	Hydrogen sulfide	****
	Methane	
	Ethane	
	Propane	
	iso-butane	
	N-butane	
	so-pentane.	<del></del>
	N-pentane,	
	Heranes	0.01 0.004
	Hexanes & higher	
		<u>  Irace                                    </u>
		Total 100_00 0.093
		, orange - 17.17.1.
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction,	0.033
		3030
	Gross btu_cu, ft. @60° F, & 14.7 ps	iia (dry basis)
	Specific gravity (calculated from ana	
	Specific gravity (measured)	0.566
	Remarks:	
	<del></del>	<del></del>



Company.

Well No.

Field\_

County\_

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Husky 011 Company

NPR #4

South Barrow No. 17

P.O.BOX 4-1276 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99509 4649 BUSINESS PARK BLVD.

Lab. No. 7725-4

# GAS ANALYSIS REPORT

Date...

Depth\_

Location.

Formation.

April 18, 1978

Nitrogen Carbon dioxide Hydrogen sulfide  Methane Ethane Propane Iso-butane N-butane Iso-pentane N-pentane Hexanes Heptanes & higher	Mole % or Volume % 0 0.99	
Nitrogen Carbon dioxide Hydrogen sulfide  Methane Ethane Propane Iso-butane N-butane Iso-pentane N-pentane Hexanes Heptanes & higher	0.99	
Hexanes & higher	98.23 98.23 0.34 0.09 0.02 0.11	Gallons per MCF _0_025 _0_007 _0_035 _0_015
<del></del>	0.08 0.02 Trace	0.029 0.008 0.119
GPM of pentanes & higher fr	raction, , , , ,0	.052_
Specific gravity (calculated from		.566 .568
Remarks:		