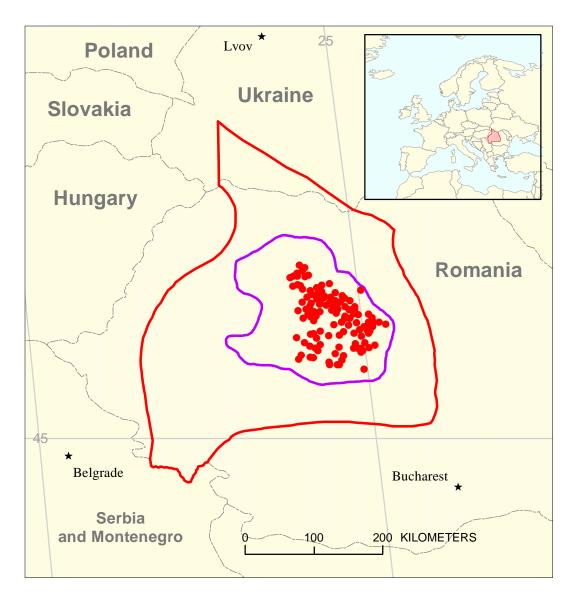
Transylvanian Neogene Suprasalt Gas Assessment Unit 40570101



Transylvanian Neogene Suprasalt Gas Assessment Unit 40570101
Transylvanian Basin Geologic Province 4057

USGS PROVINCE: Transylvanian Basin (4057), Romania **GEOLOGIST:** M.J. Pawlewicz

TOTAL PETROLEUM SYSTEM: Transylvanian Composite (405701)

ASSESSMENT UNIT: Transylvanian Neogene Suprasalt Gas (40570101)

DESCRIPTION: This assessment unit is defined by the entire thickness of Badenian to Pliocene sediments. The Transylvanian Basin is in the main gas-producing province in Romania with two thirds of the total gas reserves and 80 percent of all the gas fields.

SOURCE ROCKS: Badenian-Sarmatian shales are considered to be the source rocks. The gas consists of 98 percent CH_4 and negligible amounts of CO_2 and N_2 .

MATURATION: Presently at highest thermal maturation; with the young age of the sediments and cool geothermal gradient (3°C/100 m in deepest part of the basin) biogenic gas is possible.

MIGRATION: Considered to be short vertical and lateral migration.

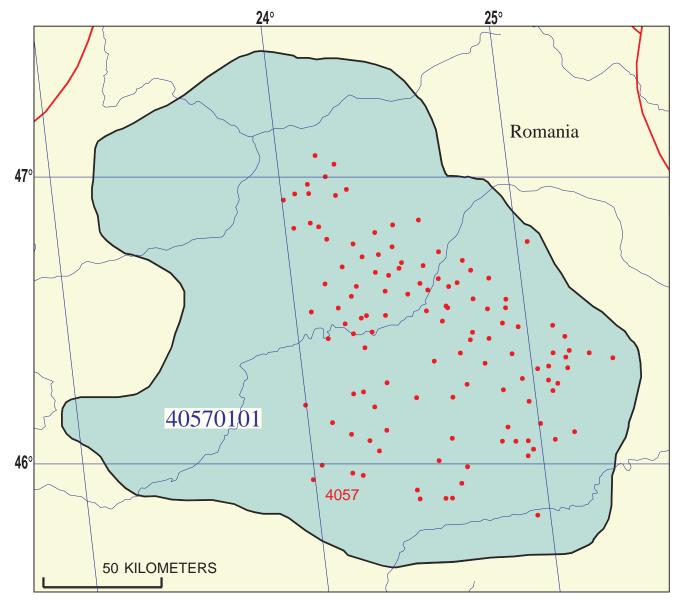
RESERVOIR ROCKS: Represented by sands and siltstones, with porosities of 5 to 35 percent for the middle Miocene; and 25 to 30 percent for the Miocene-Pliocene, and permeabilities of 10 to 900 mD for the Miocene-Pliocene. Distribution of reservoirs is Badenian, 54 pools; Buglovian, 43 pools; Sarmatian, 45 pools; and Pliocene, 2 pools.

TRAPS AND SEALS: The fields are grouped in the central part of the basin that is characterized by the intensive development of salt domes and of anticlinal folds and controlled by Badenian salt diapirism. Facies changes are common.

REFERENCES:

Ionescu, Nelu, 1994, Exploration history and hydrocarbon prospects in Romania, *in* Popescu, B.M., ed., Hydrocarbons of Eastern Central Europe–Habitat, exploration and production history: Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 255 p.

Visarion, M., and Veliciu, S., 1981, Some geological and geophysical characteristics of the Transylvanian Basin: Earth Evolution Sciences, v. 3-4, p. 212-217.



Transylvanian Neogene Suprasalt Gas Assessment Unit - 40570101

EXPLANATION

- Hydrography
- Shoreline

4057 — Geologic province code and boundary

- --- Country boundary
- Gas field centerpoint

• Oil field centerpoint 40570101 — Ass.

Assessment unit code and boundary

Projection: Robinson. Central meridian: 0

NEW MILLENNIUM WORLD PETROLEUM ASSESSMENT DATA FORM FOR CONVENTIONAL ASSESSMENT UNITS

| Date: | 4/5/99 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Assessment Geologist: | essment Geologist: M.J. Pawlewicz | | | | | | | | |
| Region: | Europe | Number: | 4 | | | | | | |
| Province: | | Number: | 4057 | | | | | | |
| Priority or Boutique | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Petroleum System: | Transylvanian Composite | | | Number: | 405701 | | | | |
| Assessment Unit: | Transylvanian Neogene Suprasalt Gas | | | | Number: | 40570101 | | | |
| Notes from Assessor | Lower 48 growth factor. | | | | | | | | |
| CHARACTERISTICS OF ASSESSMENT UNIT Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) or Gas (>20,000 cfg/bo overall): Gas | | | | | | | | | |
| Oii (<20,000 cig/bo overall) o | r Gas (<u>></u> 20,000 cig/bo ove | araii): | Gas | | | | | | |
| What is the minimum field size (the smallest field that has pot | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of discovered fields ea | xceeding minimum size: | | Oil: | 0 | Gas: | 85 | | | |
| Established (>13 fields) | X Frontier (1-13 | 3 fields) | H | ypothetical (| no fields) | | | | |
| | . <u> </u> | | _ | | | | | | |
| Median size (grown) of discov | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 2nd 3rd | | 3rd 3rd | | | | |
| Median size (grown) of discov | , -, | - · - | | | | | | | |
| | 1st 3rd | 315 | 2nd 3rd | <u> 78</u> | 3rd 3rd | 28 | | | |
| Assessment-Unit Probabiliti Attribute 1. CHARGE: Adequate petrol | | overed fiel | | | of occurren | ce (0-1.0) 1.0 | | | |
| 2. ROCKS: Adequate reservo | | | | | | 1.0 | | | |
| 3. TIMING OF GEOLOGIC EVENTS: Favorable timing for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size | | | | | | 1.0 | | | |
| | • | | | _ | | | | | |
| Assessment-Unit GEOLOGIC | C Probability (Product of | 1, 2, and 3 |): | ······ - | 1.0 | | | | |
| | | | | | 1.0 | | | | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate ≥ minimum size | te location to allow explora | ation for an | undiscovere | ed field | | 1.0 | | | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate ≥ minimum size | te location to allow explora | etion for an | undiscovere | ed field | | 1.0 | | | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate | te location to allow explora | ered fields | undiscovere | ed field | | 1.0 | | | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate ≥ minimum size | UNDISCOVE elds: How many undiscove (uncertainty of fixed | ERED FIEI ered fields | undiscovere | ed field | | 1.0 | | | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate ≥ minimum size | UNDISCOVE elds: How many undiscove (uncertainty of fixed | ERED FIEI ered fields | LDS exist that are | ed field | ım size?: | 1.0 | | | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate ≥ minimum size | UNDISCOVE (uncertainty of fixedmin. no. (>0)min. no. (>0) | ERED FIEI ered fields but unkno | LDS exist that are own values) median no. median no. | ed field e ≥ minimu 43 | max no. | | | | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate ≥ minimum size | UNDISCOVE Elds: How many undiscove (uncertainty of fixedmin. no. (>0)min. no. (>0)min. no. (>0)min. no. (>0)min. no. (>0) | ERED FIEI ered fields but unknown 10 I sizes (groof undisco | LDS exist that are own values) median no median no own) of the avered fields) | ed field e ≥ minimu 43 | max no. max no. s?: | | | | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate ≥ minimum size | UNDISCOVE Elds: How many undiscove (uncertainty of fixedmin. no. (>0)min. size | ERED FIEI ered fields but unknow 10 I sizes (groof undisco | LDS exist that are own values) median no. median no. | ed field e ≥ minimu 43 | max no. | | | | |

Assessment Unit (name, no.) Transylvanian Neogene Suprasalt Gas, 40570101

AVERAGE RATIOS FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS, TO ASSESS COPRODUCTS

(uncertainty of fixed but unknown values) Oil Fields: minimum median maximum Gas/oil ratio (cfg/bo)..... NGL/gas ratio (bngl/mmcfg)..... Gas fields: median minimum maximum Liquids/gas ratio (bngl/mmcfg)..... 3 5 Oil/gas ratio (bo/mmcfg)..... SELECTED ANCILLARY DATA FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS (variations in the properties of undiscovered fields) Oil Fields: minimum median maximum API gravity (degrees)..... Sulfur content of oil (%)..... Drilling Depth (m) Depth (m) of water (if applicable)..... Gas Fields: minimum median maximum Inert gas content (%)..... 3 CO₂ content (%)..... 25 Hydrogen-sulfide content (%)..... Drilling Depth (m)..... 335 1100 4300

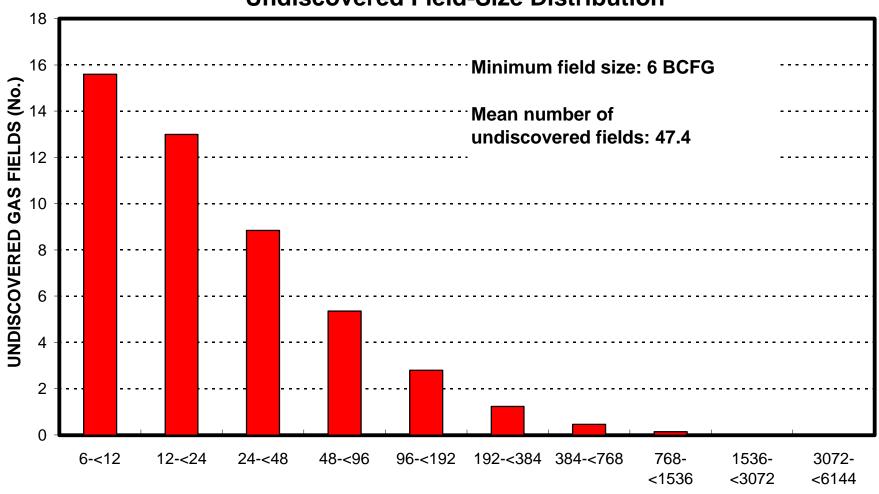
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....

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ALLOCATION OF UNDISCOVERED RESOURCES IN THE ASSESSMENT UNIT TO COUNTRIES OR OTHER LAND PARCELS (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

| 1. Romania represe | nts <u>100</u> areal | % of the total assessm | ent unit |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Oil in Oil Fields: Richness factor (unitless multiplier): | | median | maximum |
| Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor): Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%) | | | |
| Gas in Gas Fields: | minimum | median | maximum |
| Richness factor (unitless multiplier): | | 100 | - |
| Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%) | | 0 | |

Transylvanian Neogene Suprasalt Gas, AU 40570101 Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution



GAS-FIELD SIZE (BCFG)