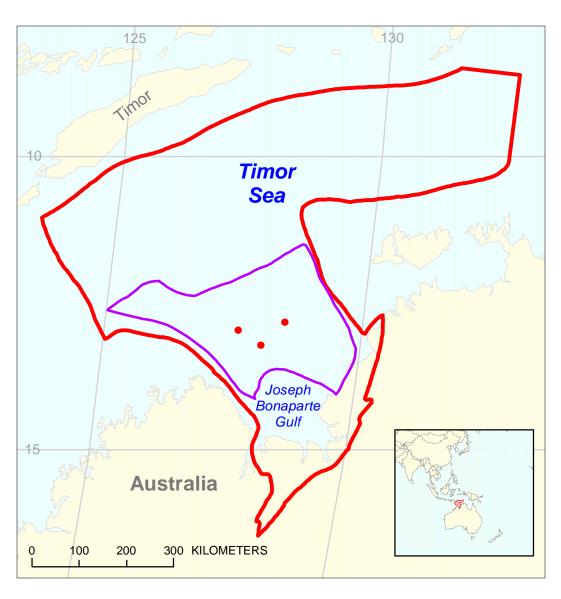
Petrel Assessment Unit 39100201



Petrel Assessment Unit 39100201

Bonaparte Gulf Basin Geologic Province 3910

USGS PROVINCE: Bonaparte Gulf Basin (3910) **GEOLOGIST:** M.G. Bishop

TOTAL PETROLEUM SYSTEM: Keyling/Hyland Bay-Permian (391002)

ASSESSMENT UNIT: Petrel (39100201)

DESCRIPTION: Offshore discoveries in Joseph Bonaparte Gulf, Australia. Gas and condensate at Petrel and Tern fields sourced by Early Permian coals and marine shales and Late Permian deltaic shales deposited in a late-rift/post-rift sag basin.

SOURCE ROCKS: The Keyling Formation delta-plain coals; TOC 35 wt. % and HI 230, and marginal marine shales; TOC 2.8 wt. % and HI 95. The Hyland Bay Formation pro-delta shales are also high in gas-prone organic carbon; TOC 1.6 to 2 wt. % and HI 55 to 240.

MATURATION: Peak hydrocarbon generation for the Keyling Formation was Late Permian through Early Triassic; Late Cretaceous through Tertiary for the Hyland Bay Formation.

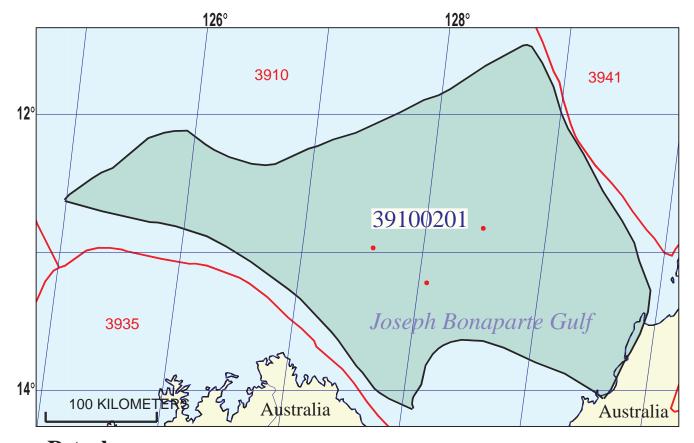
MIGRATION: Lateral migration toward the flanks of the basin and to the Petrel structure and continued vertical migration with movement of Ordovician salt.

RESERVOIR ROCKS: Reservoir rocks include Permian sandstones from barrier bar, fluvial, deltaic and shallow marine environments.

TRAPS AND SEALS: Anticline traps and salt-related doming dominate. Seals are primarily intraformational. The seal at Tern field is the shallow marine Mount Goodwin Formation.

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- Gunn, P.J., 1988, Bonaparte Basin: evolution and structural framework, *in* Purcell, P.G., and Purcell, R.R., eds., The North West Shelf Australia: Proceedings of Petroleum Exploration Society Australia Symposium, Perth, 1988, p. 276-285.
- Gunn, P.J., 1988, Hydrocarbon discoveries in the Bonaparte Basin, *in* Purcell, P.G., and Purcell, R.R., eds., The North West Shelf Australia: Proceedings of Petroleum Exploration Society Australia Symposium, Perth, 1988, p. 419-424.
- McConachie, B.A., Bradshaw, M.T., and Bradshaw, J., 1996, Petroleum systems of the Petrel sub-basin—an integrated approach to basin analysis and identification of hydrocarbon exploration opportunities: APPEA Journal, v. 36, pt. 1, p. 248-268.
- Mory, A.J., 1988, Regional geology of the offshore Bonaparte Basin, *in* Purcell, P.G., and Purcell, R.R., eds., The North West Shelf Australia: Proceedings of Petroleum Exploration Society Australia Symposium, Perth, 1988, p. 287-309.



Petrel Assessment Unit - 39100201

EXPLANATION

- Hydrography
- Shoreline

3910 — Geologic province code and boundary

--- Country boundary

Gas field centerpoint

Assessment unit 39100201 — Oil field centerpoint code and boundary

Projection: Robinson. Central meridian: 0

SEVENTH APPROXIMATION NEW MILLENNIUM WORLD PETROLEUM ASSESSMENT DATA FORM FOR CONVENTIONAL ASSESSMENT UNITS

Date:	3/25/99									
Assessment Geologist:	T.S. Ahlbrandt									
Region:						3				
Province:		Number:	3910							
Priority or Boutique	Priority									
	Keyling/Hyland Bay-Permian					391002				
Assessment Unit:					Number:	39100201				
* Notes from Assessor	MMS growth factor. Gas pipeline planned.									
CHARACTERISTICS OF ASSESSMENT UNIT Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) or Gas (>20,000 cfg/bo overall): Gas										
On (<20,000 cig/b0 overall) <u>o</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Oas							
What is the minimum field size? <u>10</u> mmboe grown (≥1mmboe) (the smallest field that has potential to be added to reserves in the next 30 years)										
Number of discovered fields e	xceedina minimum size:		Oil:	0	Gas:	3				
Established (>13 fields)	Frontier (1-1			lypothetical (-				
		· -								
Median size (grown) of discov	` ,									
1st 3rd 2nd 3rd 3rd 3rd										
Median size (grown) of discov	• • •									
	1st 3rd	3263	2nd 3rd_	256	3rd 3rd					
Assessment-Unit Probabilities: Attribute 1. CHARGE: Adequate petroleum charge for an undiscovered field > minimum size										
 CHARGE: Adequate petroleum charge for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size ROCKS: Adequate reservoirs, traps, and seals for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size 										
3. TIMING OF GEOLOGIC EVENTS: Favorable timing for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size										
e		or arrand		.a <u>~</u>	0.20	1.0				
Assessment-Unit GEOLOGIC Probability (Product of 1, 2, and 3):										
4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate	te location to allow explora	ation for an	undiscover	ed field						
> minimum size	·					1.0				
UNDISCOVERED FIELDS Number of Undiscovered Fields: How many undiscovered fields exist that are ≥ minimum size?: (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)										
Oil fields:	min. no. (>0)	m	nedian no.		max no.					
Gas fields:			nedian no.	20	max no.	50				
Size of Undiscovered Fields: What are the anticipated sizes (grown) of the above fields?: (variations in the sizes of undiscovered fields)										
Oil in oil fields (mmho)	min ciza	.~	nedian sizo		max. size					
Oil in oil fields (mmbo) min. size median size max. s Gas in gas fields (bcfg): min. size 60 median size 250 max. s						5000				
Jas in gas noids (bolg)			.541411 5120	200	max. 3i26	5500				

Assessment Unit (name, no.) Petrel, 39100201

AVERAGE RATIOS FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS, TO ASSESS COPRODUCTS

(uncertainty of fixed but unknown values) Oil Fields: minimum median maximum Gas/oil ratio (cfg/bo)..... NGL/gas ratio (bngl/mmcfg)..... Gas fields: minimum median maximum Liquids/gas ratio (bngl/mmcfg)..... 22 44 66 Oil/gas ratio (bo/mmcfg)..... SELECTED ANCILLARY DATA FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS (variations in the properties of undiscovered fields) Oil Fields: minimum median maximum API gravity (degrees)..... Sulfur content of oil (%)..... Drilling Depth (m) Depth (m) of water (if applicable)..... Gas Fields: minimum median maximum Inert gas content (%)..... CO₂ content (%)..... Hydrogen-sulfide content (%)..... 2300

40

3000

85

4000

130

Drilling Depth (m).....

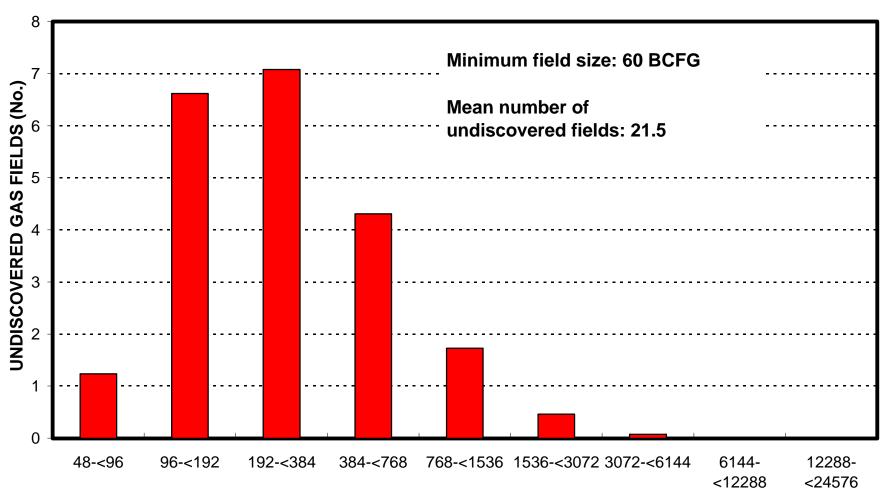
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....

Assessment Unit (name, no.) Petrel, 39100201

ALLOCATION OF UNDISCOVERED RESOURCES IN THE ASSESSMENT UNIT TO COUNTRIES OR OTHER LAND PARCELS (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

1. Australia represents	100aı	eal % of the total assessr	nent unit
Oil in Oil Fields: Richness factor (unitless multiplier): Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor): Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%)	minimum	median 	maximum
Gas in Gas Fields:	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):		100 100	

Petrel, AU 39100201 Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution



GAS-FIELD SIZE (BCFG)