



Northern and Western Areas Assessment Unit 11540101



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-  Amu-Darya Basin Geologic Province 1154

USGS PROVINCE: Amu-Darya Basin (1154)

GEOLOGIST: G.F. Ulmishek

TOTAL PETROLEUM SYSTEM: Amu-Darya Jurassic-Cretaceous (115401)

ASSESSMENT UNIT: Northern and Western Areas (11540101)

DESCRIPTION: Unit encompasses Jurassic through Cenozoic rocks of several major structural units located north and west of the pinch-out zone of Upper Jurassic salt. Despite the structural and some stratigraphic diversity, the unit is characterized by the absence of high-quality regional seals and therefore possesses high vertical conductivity for migrating hydrocarbons. As a result, most fields contain multiple pools in different lithologies that range in age from Jurassic to Late Cretaceous.

SOURCE ROCKS: Most important source rocks are Lower-Middle Jurassic continental to marine coaly clastics (TOC as much as 2.5 percent) with some coals in the lower part. The source rock section is thin on marginal highs, but thickens to several hundred meters basinward.

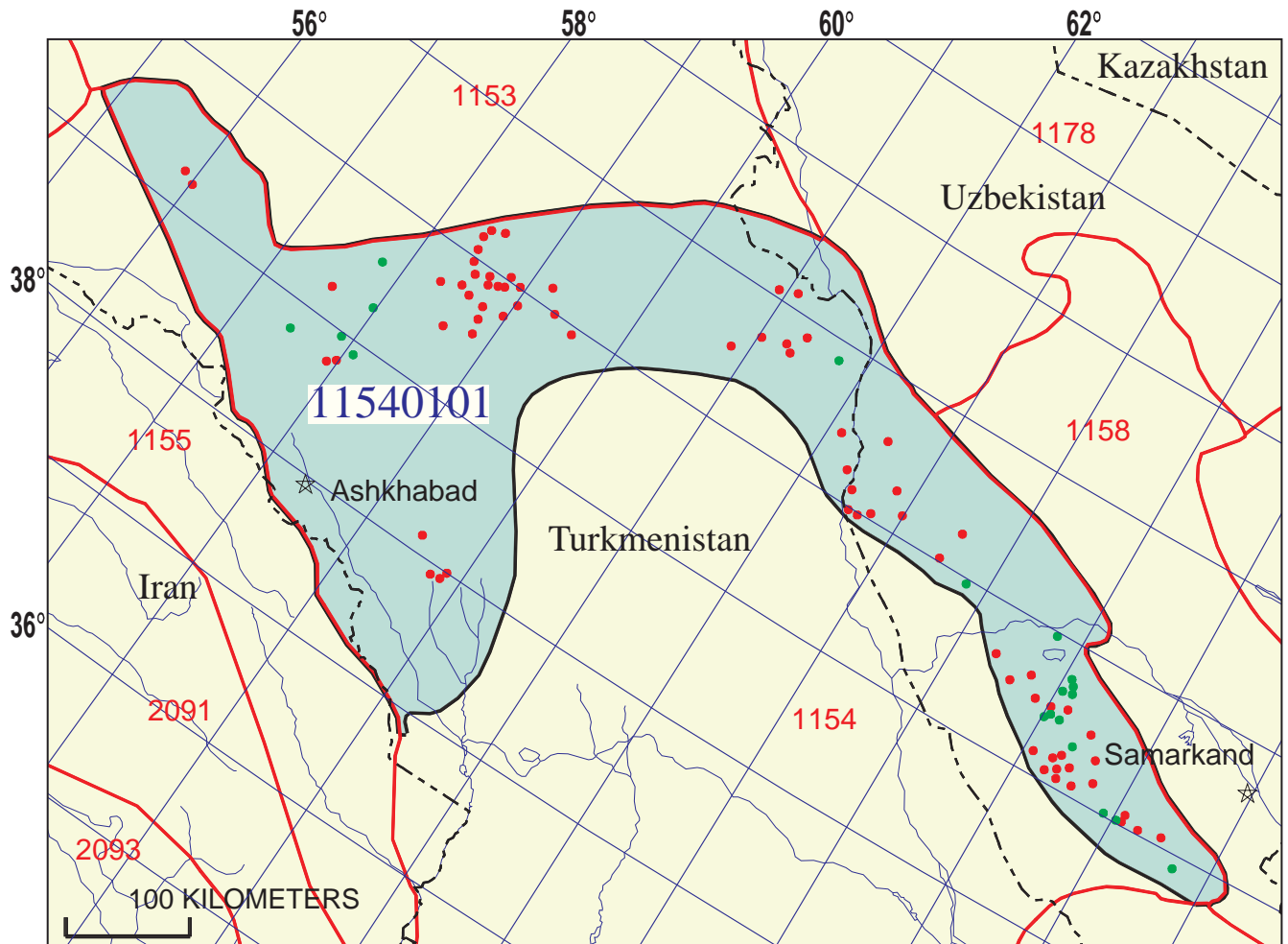
MATURATION: The source rocks are in the gas window in inner areas of the basin and in the Kopet-Dag foredeep and are probably immature on the Karakum high and Bukhara step. Productivity of the latter areas should be related to updip vertical migration of gas.

RESERVOIR ROCKS: Reservoir rocks are variable Middle Jurassic and Cretaceous clastics and Upper Jurassic to Neocomian carbonates.

TRAPS AND SEALS: Almost all reserves are in structural traps that are local commonly faulted anticlinal uplifts. Several traps in Oxfordian reefs are present in the northern part of the Chardzhou step. Hydrocarbon pools of the unit are sealed by shale beds of various thickness and extent.










REFERENCES:

- Gabrielyants, G.A., ed., 1991, Regional geology of petroleum-productive areas of the USSR (Regionalnaya geologiya neftegazonosnykh territoriy SSSR): Moscow, Nedra, 285 p.
- Maksimov, S.P., Kleshev, K.A., and Shein, V.S., eds., 1986, Geology and geodynamics of petroleum-productive areas of the southern USSR (Geologiya i geodinamika neftegazonosnykh territoriy yuga SSSR): Trudy VNIGNI, v. 255, Moscow, Nedra, 232 p.



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EXPLANATION

-  Hydrography
-  Shoreline
-  1154  Geologic province code and boundary
-  --- Country boundary
-  • Gas field centerpoint
-  • Oil field centerpoint
-  11540101  Assessment unit code and boundary

Projection: Equidistant Conic. Central meridian: 100. Standard Parallel: 58 30

AVERAGE RATIOS FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS, TO ASSESS COPRODUCTS

(uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

<u>Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Gas/oil ratio (cfg/bo).....	2000	4000	6000
NGL/gas ratio (bnl/mmcf).....	30	60	90
<u>Gas fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Liquids/gas ratio (bnl/mmcf).....	10	15	25
Oil/gas ratio (bo/mmcf).....			

SELECTED ANCILLARY DATA FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS

(variations in the properties of undiscovered fields)

<u>Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
API gravity (degrees).....	28	35	45
Sulfur content of oil (%).....	0.1	1	2.5
Drilling Depth (m)	1000	1500	2500
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....			
<u>Gas Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Inert gas content (%).....	0.2	2	5
CO ₂ content (%).....	0.2	1	7
Hydrogen-sulfide content (%).....	0	0.3	3.2
Drilling Depth (m).....	1500	3000	5000
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....			

**ALLOCATION OF UNDISCOVERED RESOURCES IN THE ASSESSMENT UNIT
TO COUNTRIES OR OTHER LAND PARCELS** (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

1. Uzbekistan represents 29 areal % of the total assessment unit

<u>Oil in Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	50	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	0	_____
 <u>Gas in Gas Fields:</u>	 minimum	 median	 maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	50	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	0	_____

2. Turkmenistan represents 70 areal % of the total assessment unit

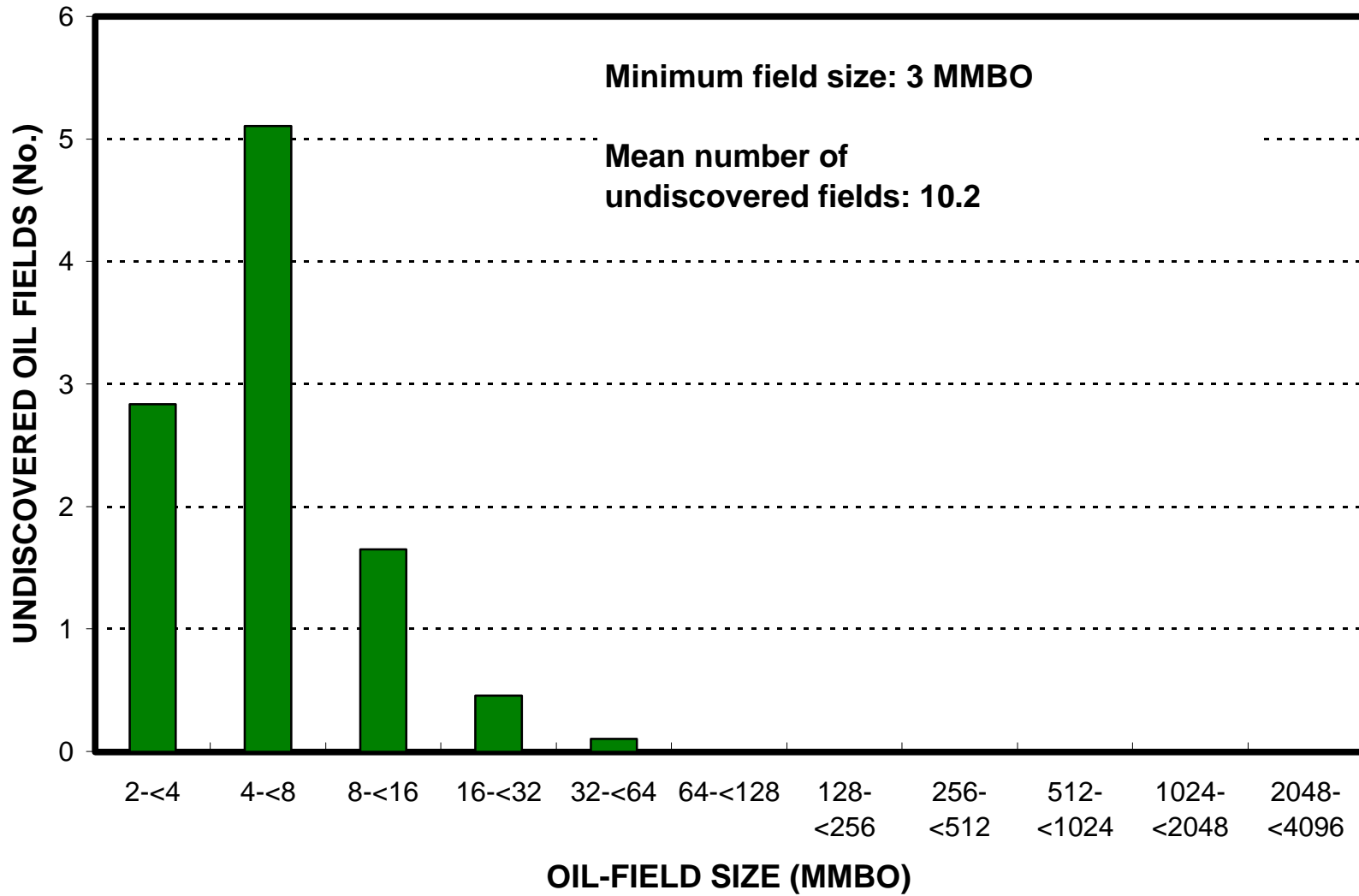
<u>Oil in Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	50	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	0	_____
 <u>Gas in Gas Fields:</u>	 minimum	 median	 maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	50	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	0	_____

3. Iran represents 1 areal % of the total assessment unit

<u>Oil in Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	0	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	0	_____
 <u>Gas in Gas Fields:</u>	 minimum	 median	 maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	0	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	0	_____

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Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution



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Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution

