



# East and Southeast Margins Subsalt Assessment Unit 10160103



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-  North Caspian Basin Geologic Province 1016

**USGS PROVINCE:** North Caspian Basin (1016)

**GEOLOGIST:** G.F. Ulmishek

**TOTAL PETROLEUM SYSTEM:** Paleozoic North Caspian (101601)

**ASSESSMENT UNIT:** East and Southeast Margins Subsalt (10160103)

**DESCRIPTION:** The assessment unit includes subsalt carbonate and clastic reservoirs basinward from the Ural foldbelt and South Emba high and basin slope deposits to a depth of 7 km to the top of subsalt rocks. The stratigraphy somewhat varies along the margin, but the Serpukhovian-Moscovian carbonate formation is regionally present and contains the majority of discovered hydrocarbons.

**SOURCE ROCKS:** Source rocks are probably off-reef basinal black-shale facies contemporaneous with the pinnacle and barrier reefs and the back-reef carbonate platform. Geochemical characteristics of the source rocks are poorly known because of their deep occurrence.

**MATURATION:** Maturation mainly took place in Late Permian-Triassic time, during deposition of thick Hercynian orogenic clastics. Presently, source rocks probably occur in the lower part of oil window and in the gas window.

**MIGRATION:** Hydrocarbons migrated laterally from source rocks into the adjacent traps in organic-lean, shallow-water carbonate and clastic rocks of the basin margin.

**RESERVOIR ROCKS:** Main reservoir rocks are Serpukhovian-Moscovian carbonates of the back-reef platform and the platform-edge barrier reef. Only small amounts of hydrocarbons have been found in Visian and Lower Permian clastic reservoir rocks that possess significantly poorer reservoir properties than the carbonates.

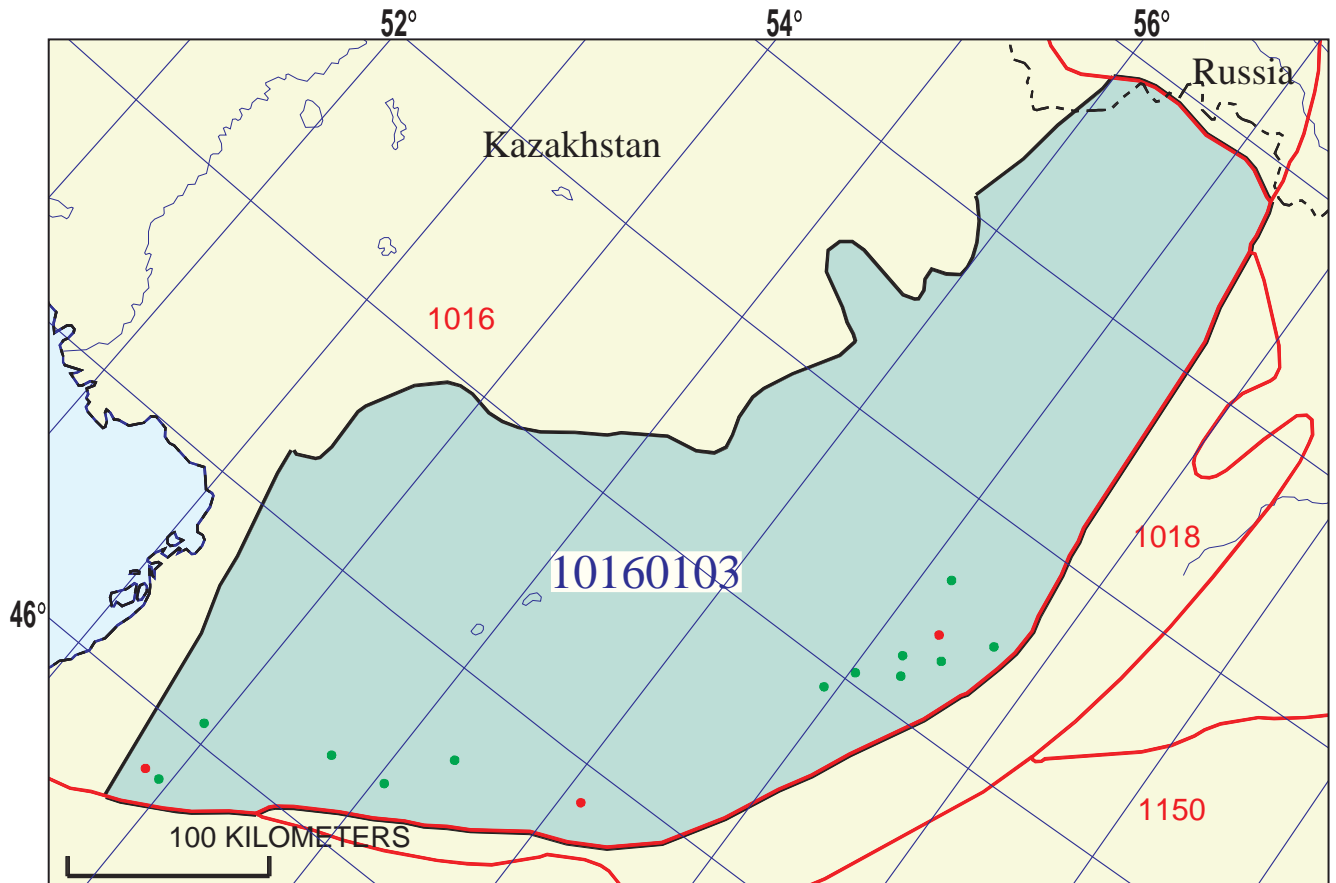
**TRAPS:** Most of discovered oil and gas are in anticlinal traps formed by Hercynian compression from the Ural foldbelt. The presence of traps formed only by reef growth without a tectonic component is supposed, but has not been clearly demonstrated.

**SEAL:** Thick Kungurian salt forms the regional seal. This seal is separated from productive carbonate reservoirs by Upper Carboniferous-Lower Permian clastic rocks that directly cap the reservoirs.

**REFERENCES:**

- Arabadzhi, M.S., Bezborodov, R.S., Bukharov, A.V., and others, 1993, Prediction of petroleum potential of the southeastern North Caspian basin (Prognoz neftegazonosnosti yugo-vostoka Prikaspiyskoy sineklizy): Moscow, Nedra, 160 p.
- Dalyan, I.B., 1996, Tectonics of subsalt rocks of the eastern margin of the North Caspian basin in connection with petroleum potential: *Geologiya Nefti i Gaza*, no. 6, p. 8-17.
- Dalyan, I.B., and Bulekbaev, Z.E., 1993, Petroleum-bearing formations in the subsalt sequence of the eastern margin of the North Caspian basin: *Geologiya Nefti i Gaza*, no. 10, p. 4-10.

- Kan, B.P., and Tropp, E.B., 1996, Deep structure of the northeastern South Emba high in light of new CDP seismic data: *Geologiya Nefti i Gaza*, no. 5, p. 40-47.
- Sapozhnikov, R.B., Shlezinger, A.B., and Yanshin, A.I., 1986, Pre-Late Permian development of the eastern and southeastern North Caspian basin: *Sovetskaya Geologiya*, no. 4, p. 90-100.



## East and Southeast Margins Subsalt Assessment Unit - 10160103

### EXPLANATION

- Hydrography
- Shoreline
- 1016 — Geologic province code and boundary
- - - Country boundary
- Gas field centerpoint
- Oil field centerpoint
- 10160103 — Assessment unit code and boundary

Projection: Equidistant Conic. Central meridian: 100. Standard Parallel: 58 30

**SEVENTH APPROXIMATION  
NEW MILLENNIUM WORLD PETROLEUM ASSESSMENT  
DATA FORM FOR CONVENTIONAL ASSESSMENT UNITS**

Date:..... 1/12/99  
 Assessment Geologist:..... G.F. Ulmishek  
 Region:..... Former Soviet Union Number: 1  
 Province:..... North Caspian Basin Number: 1016  
 Priority or Boutique:..... Priority  
 Total Petroleum System:..... Paleozoic North Caspian Number: 101601  
 Assessment Unit:..... East and Southeast Margins Subsalt Number: 10160103  
 \* Notes from Assessor

**CHARACTERISTICS OF ASSESSMENT UNIT**

Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) **or** Gas (≥20,000 cfg/bo overall):... Oil

What is the minimum field size?..... 10 mmmboe grown (≥1mmboe)  
 (the smallest field that has potential to be added to reserves in the next 30 years)

Number of discovered fields exceeding minimum size:..... Oil: 10 Gas: 2  
 Established (>13 fields) \_\_\_\_\_ Frontier (1-13 fields) X Hypothetical (no fields) \_\_\_\_\_

Median size (grown) of discovered oil fields (mmboe):  
 1st 3rd 25 2nd 3rd 20 3rd 3rd \_\_\_\_\_  
 Median size (grown) of discovered gas fields (bcfg):  
 1st 3rd NA 2nd 3rd NA 3rd 3rd NA

**Assessment-Unit Probabilities:**

<u>Attribute</u>	<u>Probability of occurrence (0-1.0)</u>
1. <b>CHARGE:</b> Adequate petroleum charge for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size.....	<u>1.0</u>
2. <b>ROCKS:</b> Adequate reservoirs, traps, and seals for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size.....	<u>1.0</u>
3. <b>TIMING OF GEOLOGIC EVENTS:</b> Favorable timing for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size	<u>1.0</u>

**Assessment-Unit GEOLOGIC Probability** (Product of 1, 2, and 3):..... 1.0

4. **ACCESSIBILITY:** Adequate location to allow exploration for an undiscovered field  
 ≥ minimum size..... 1.0

**UNDISCOVERED FIELDS**

**Number of Undiscovered Fields:** How many undiscovered fields exist that are ≥ minimum size?:  
 (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

Oil fields:.....	min. no. (>0)	<u>10</u>	median no.	<u>40</u>	max no.	<u>80</u>
Gas fields:.....	min. no. (>0)	<u>3</u>	median no.	<u>10</u>	max no.	<u>20</u>

**Size of Undiscovered Fields:** What are the anticipated sizes (**grown**) of the above fields?:  
 (variations in the sizes of undiscovered fields)

Oil in oil fields (mmbo).....	min. size	<u>10</u>	median size	<u>25</u>	max. size	<u>1500</u>
Gas in gas fields (bcfg):.....	min. size	<u>60</u>	median size	<u>120</u>	max. size	<u>5000</u>

**AVERAGE RATIOS FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS, TO ASSESS COPRODUCTS**  
 (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

<u>Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Gas/oil ratio (cfg/bo).....	1500	2000	3000
NGL/gas ratio (bnl/mmcfg).....	30	60	90
<u>Gas fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Liquids/gas ratio (bnl/mmcfg).....	35	50	65
Oil/gas ratio (bo/mmcfg).....			

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**SELECTED ANCILLARY DATA FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS**  
 (variations in the properties of undiscovered fields)

<u>Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
API gravity (degrees).....	30	40	50
Sulfur content of oil (%).....	0.5	0.8	1.1
Drilling Depth (m) .....	3000	4000	7000
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....			
<u>Gas Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Inert gas content (%).....	0.5	1	2
CO <sub>2</sub> content (%).....	0.5	1	2
Hydrogen-sulfide content (%).....	1	2	4
Drilling Depth (m).....	3000	4000	6000
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....			

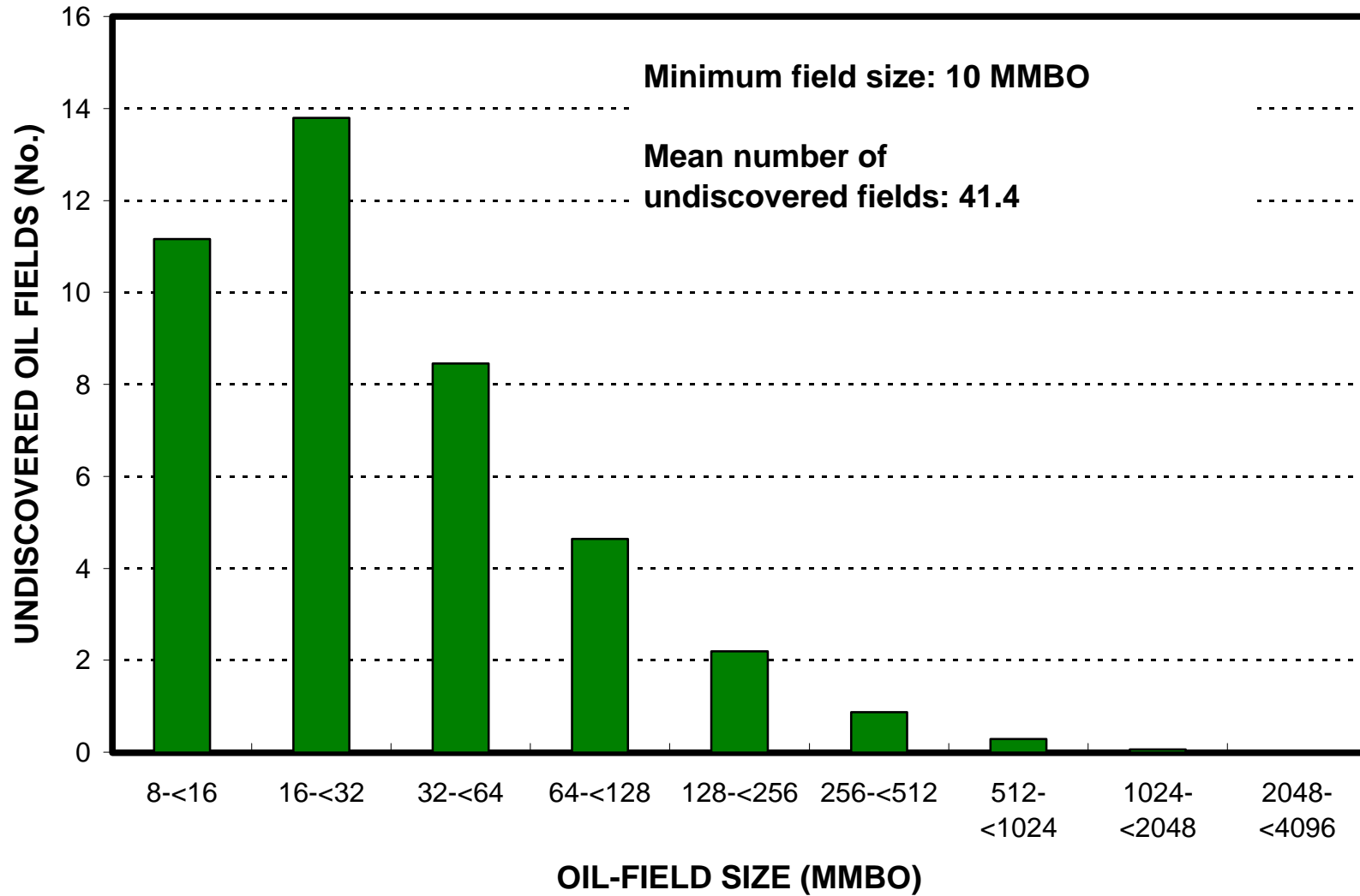
**ALLOCATION OF UNDISCOVERED RESOURCES IN THE ASSESSMENT UNIT  
 TO COUNTRIES OR OTHER LAND PARCELS** (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

1. Kazakhstan represents 100 areal % of the total assessment unit

<u>Oil in Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	100	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%).....	_____	0	_____
 <u>Gas in Gas Fields:</u>	 minimum	 median	 maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	100	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%).....	_____	0	_____

# East and Southeast Margin Subsalt, AU 10160103

## Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution





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## Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution

