# Foredeep Basins Assessment Unit 10080103



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Timan-Pechora Basin Geologic Province 1008

USGS PROVINCE: Timan-Pechora Basin (1008) GEOLOGIST: S.J. Lindquist

**TOTAL PETROLEUM SYSTEM:** Domanik-Paleozoic (100801)

**ASSESSMENT UNIT:** Foredeep Basins (10080103) (established)

**DESCRIPTION:** Assessment unit comprises structurally complex Uralian foredeep areas bordering the province eastern margin. It was highly impacted by compression associated with the Ural (Hercynian) and Pay Khoy (Early Cimmerian) thrust belts.

**SOURCE ROCKS:** Source rocks are Upper Devonian (Frasnian) (and lesser Lower Permian) basinal siliceous shales, limestones, and marls (age equivalents of shelf edge reef reservoirs). Siluro-Ordovician shales in the northern foredeeps are also possible gas sources.

**MATURATION:** Most Domanik maturation is probably Permo-Triassic in age, but some authors propose generation locally or regionally as early as Early Carboniferous(?) and as late as Middle Jurassic. The Devonian source rocks in this assessment unit are now generally at a gas-stage of maturity, and sour gas is anticipated. Some Permian source rocks similar in character to the Domanik now could be at an oil-stage of maturity in the foredeeps.

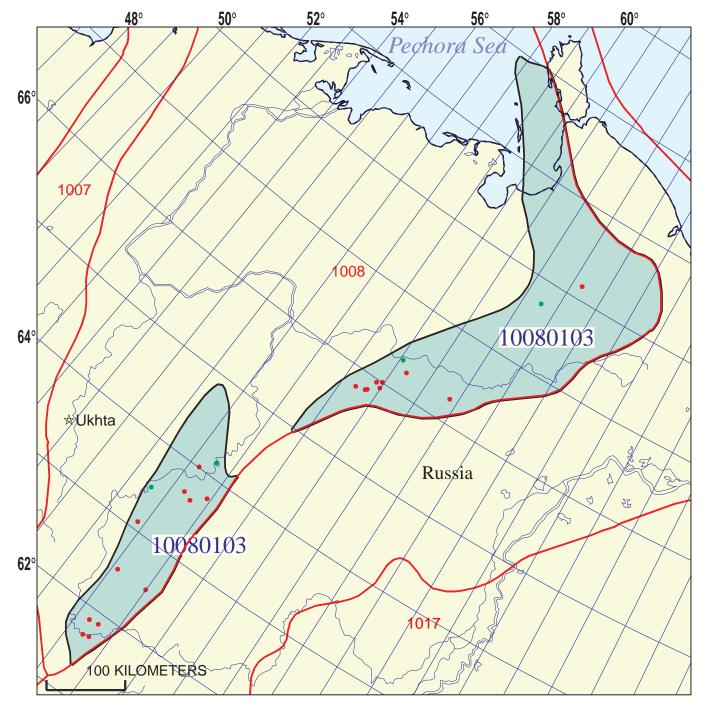
**MIGRATION:** Late Paleozoic (Hercynian) and Mesozoic (Early Cimmerian) thrusting modified any pre-existing structural traps, causing hydrocarbon remobilization and partial loss.

**RESERVOIR ROCKS:** Expected reservoirs are primarily Lower Permian reefs and associated carbonates. Untested are deeper Siluro-Ordovician siliciclastics.

**TRAPS AND SEALS:** Known and expected traps are anticlines formed by complex compressional faulting and folding. Generally only those with surface expression have been tested. Seals are regional and local Paleozoic and Mesozoic shales (many associated with source rocks); the upper Lower Permian shales are most important. There are also limited Paleozoic evaporite seals in the southernmost foredeep areas.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- Abrams, M.A., Apanel, A.M., Timoshenko, O., and Kosenkova, N., 1999, Oil families and their potential sources in the northeastern Timan Pechora basin, Russia: American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 83, no. 4, p. 553-577.
- Lindquist, S.J., 1999, The Timan-Pechora basin province of northwest Arctic Russia—Domanik-Paleozoic total petroleum system: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 99-50-G, 24 p., 15 figs., 2 tables.
- Sobornov, Konstantin, and Rostovshchikov, Vladimir, 1996, Structure and hydrocarbon prospects of the North Urals thrust belt: Petroleum Geoscience, v. 2, p. 177-184.
- Ulmishek, G.F., 1982, Petroleum geology and resource assessment of the Timan-Pechora basin, USSR, and the adjacent Barents-northern Kara shelf: Argonne, Ill., Argonne National Laboratory, Energy and Environmental Systems Division, Report ANL/EES-TM-199, 197 p.



### Foredeep Basins Assessment Unit - 10080103

**EXPLANATION** 

- Hydrography
- Shoreline

1008 — Geologic province code and boundary

- --- Country boundary
- Gas field centerpointOil field centerpoint

Assessment unit code and boundary

Projection: Equidistant Conic. Central meridian: 100. Standard Parallel: 58 30

# SEVENTH APPROXIMATION NEW MILLENNIUM WORLD PETROLEUM ASSESSMENT DATA FORM FOR CONVENTIONAL ASSESSMENT UNITS

Assessment Geologist: G.F. Ulmishek Region: Former Soviet Union Province:							
Province:       Timan-Pechora Basin       Number:       1008         Priority or Boutique							
Priority or Boutique							
Total Petroleum System:  Assessment Unit:							
Assessment Unit:* Foredeep Basins No growth factor used.  CHARACTERISTICS OF ASSESSMENT UNIT  Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) or Gas (>20,000 cfg/bo overall): Gas							
* Notes from Assessor  No growth factor used.  CHARACTERISTICS OF ASSESSMENT UNIT  Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) or Gas (>20,000 cfg/bo overall): Gas							
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Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) <u>or</u> Gas ( <u>&gt;</u> 20,000 cfg/bo overall): <u>Gas</u>							
What is the minimum field size?5mmboe grown (≥1mmboe) (the smallest field that has potential to be added to reserves in the next 30 years)							
Number of discovered fields exceeding minimum size: Oil: 3 Gas: 11							
Established (>13 fields) X Frontier (1-13 fields) Hypothetical (no fields)							
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Median size (grown) of discovered oil fields (mmboe):  1st 3rd NA 2nd 3rd NA 3rd 3rd NA							
Median size (grown) of discovered gas fields (bcfg):  1st 3rd 200 2nd 3rd 78 3rd 3rd							
Assessment-Unit Probabilities:  Attribute  1. CHARGE: Adequate petroleum charge for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size							
2. <b>ROCKS:</b> Adequate reservoirs, traps, and seals for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size 1.0							
3. <b>TIMING OF GEOLOGIC EVENTS:</b> Favorable timing for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size 1.0							
Assessment-Unit GEOLOGIC Probability (Product of 1, 2, and 3):							
4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate location to allow exploration for an undiscovered field							
≥ minimum size							
UNDISCOVERED FIELDS  Number of Undiscovered Fields: How many undiscovered fields exist that are ≥ minimum size?:  (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)							
Oil fields:min. no. (>0) 2 median no. 8 max no. 20							
Gas fields:min. no. (>0) 15 median no. 55 max no. 105							
Size of Undiscovered Fields: What are the anticipated sizes (grown) of the above fields?: (variations in the sizes of undiscovered fields)							
Oil in oil fields (mmbo) min. size 5 median size 15 max. size 400							
Gas in gas fields (bcfg): min. size 30 median size 150 max. size 10000							

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#### AVERAGE RATIOS FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS, TO ASSESS COPRODUCTS

Oil Fields:	minimum	median	maximum
Gas/oil ratio (cfg/bo)	700	1000	1500
NGL/gas ratio (bngl/mmcfg)	30	60	90
Gas fields:	minimum	median	maximum
Liquids/gas ratio (bngl/mmcfg) Oil/gas ratio (bo/mmcfg)	20	40	60

#### SELECTED ANCILLARY DATA FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS

(variations in the properties of undiscovered fields)

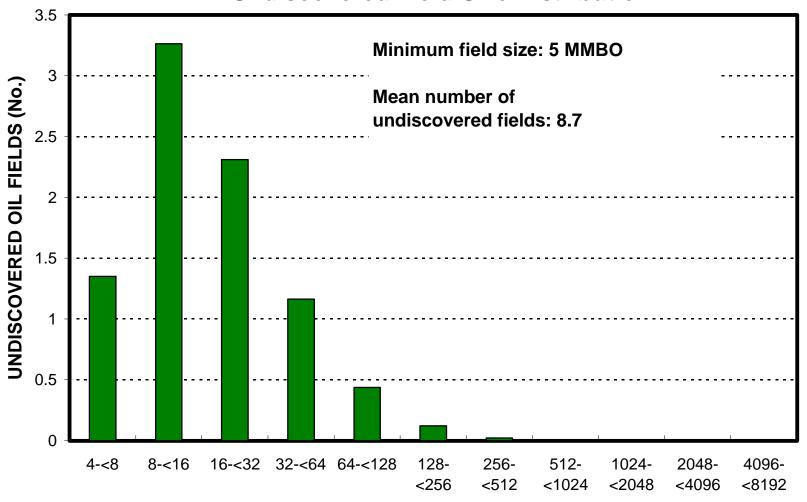
(variations in the pro-	sortion of arialogov	orda noido)	
Oil Fields:	minimum	median	maximum
API gravity (degrees)	30	35	40
Sulfur content of oil (%)	0.1	0.4	1
Drilling Depth (m)	3000	4000	5500
Depth (m) of water (if applicable)	0	10	20
* Inert gas is nitrogen			
Gas Fields:	minimum	median	maximum
Inort gas contant (9/)	2	1	7

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# ALLOCATION OF UNDISCOVERED RESOURCES IN THE ASSESSMENT UNIT TO COUNTRIES OR OTHER LAND PARCELS (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

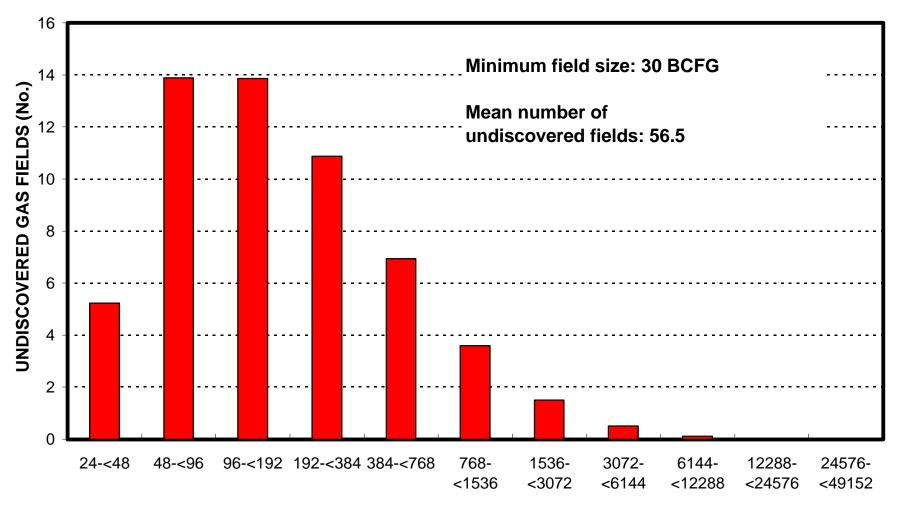
1. Russia represents	100	_areal % of the total assessment u	nit
Oil in Oil Fields: Richness factor (unitless multiplier):	minimum	median	maximum
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor): Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%)		100 10	
Gas in Gas Fields:	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier): Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor): Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%)		<u>100</u> 6	

### Foredeep Basins, AU 10080103 Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution



**OIL-FIELD SIZE (MMBO)** 

### Foredeep Basins, AU 10080103 Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution



**GAS-FIELD SIZE (BCFG)**